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THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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THREE BIG MILLS RESUME WORK; MEANS EMPLOYMENT FOR 30,000

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 5.—After shut downs of from a week to ten days the Atlantic Worsted Mills, Olneyville, R. I.; Amoskeag Cotton Mills, Manchester, N. H., and the York Cotton Mills, Saco, Maine, resumed work today on practically full time. The mills mentioned employ thirty thousand operatives.

President Taft's Western Tour.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 5.—President Taft will start his Western tour by swinging south. He has accepted an invitation to attend the Appalachian Exposition at Knoxville, Tenn. His visit will be between Sept. 12 and 20.

Hot in Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., June 5.—A record-breaking hot wave is general throughout Tennessee. Yesterday the mercury registered 99, the highest June record in forty years.

Conductor Meets Horrible Death

Special to Telegram.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 5.—Daniel P. Wrinkle, aged 29, a street car conductor, met a horrible death tonight. As his car was crossing a viaduct he swung around a passenger on the running board and struck his head against a girder. His head was severed from his body.

LA GRANGE STATE BANK IS CLOSED

Corporation Commission Found Bank in Bad Condition And Ordered it Closed—Bad Paper And Overdrafts The Cause—Depositors Will be Paid.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 5.—The North Carolina Corporation Commission today, acting on the report of State Bank Examiner Doughton, ordered closed until a receiver could be appointed the bank of LaGrange, Lenoir county. Mr. Doughton made an examination Saturday and reported his findings to headquarters today. The bank has overdrafts and unsecured paper to the amount of $12,000. What makes the situation all the more serious is the fact that the Commission criticised the bank last October, following an examination by Assistant Examiner C. V. Brown, the officers at that time promising to conduct the institution according to law, and informing the commission later that they had complied with the banking laws. In less than thirty days after the examination, however, the officers began making bad loans and permitting overdrafts. These caused the Commission to have the bank closed. It is believed that the depositors will be paid in full. The Bank of LaGrange was established in 1906 with $10,000 capital stock. John R. Wooten is president and L. E. Davis is cashier.

STREET IMPROVEMENT SQUAD BEGINS WORK

The Greensboro street improvement squad will begin its excellent work today with a most auspicious outlook. As Chief Iseley expressed it the force with "four charter members," will start the task of bettering the city streets today under the supervision of Capt. McIver.

According to the action of the commissioners the prisoners recently convicted in the municipal court will serve their terms of labor at work for the city instead of the county, as heretofore. Ed Clawson, six months, and Frank James, John Young, and John Lee, with terms of three months each, have been shackled and distinguishingly overalled preparatory to the inauguration of this new plan, and will be installed at their work this morning.

Amateur Bicycle Rider.

Edward Suddarth, of Pleasant avenue a lad of nine years, yesterdey covered a ty secondsdistance of 9 miles in an hour and fifteen minutes on a bicycle, an average of a mile every eight minutes tnd twenty seconds. This is considered pretty good speed for so small a boy to maintain.

EMBEZZLEMENT IS CHARGE AGAINST NEWBERN YOUNG MAN

Admits Taking Money Belonging to Employers—Skipped Out to Wilmington, Was Arrested And Returned to Newbern—Trying to Get Money From Home.

Special to Telegram.

Newbern, June 5.—Several days ago S. H. Barnett, a young white man 24 or 25 years of age and who was in the employ of the Hall Tailoring Company in this city, embezzled $240. of that company's money and skipped out. For a day or two all trace of the fugitive was lost, but Friday it was learned that he was registered at the Bonetz Hotel at Wilmington and a warrant for his arrest was sworn out. Sheriff Biddle wired Chief of Police Fowler at that place to arrest Barnett, who was registered under the cognomen of Barnes and within thirty minutes after the telegram had been received he was in the toils of the law. Sunday morning an officer of this city was sent to Wilmington after the young man and he was brought back to this city and placed in jail. This morning he sent a telegram to his mother, who lives at Augusta, Ga., telling her of his predicament and asking her to aid him by sending him $240 so that he could return the money to his employer and escape prosecution.

Later this afternoon, however the matter had not been satisfactorily arranged and Barnett is still behind the bars.

Barnett is a young man of good appearance and does not have the look of a criminal at all. He says that the predicament he is now in, is the result of his own foolishness; that he got on a big drunk and spent money that belonged to some one else. He said that he stayed in Wilmington three days before his arrest and could have left there before his arrest, if he had so desired, but that he did not want to run away from the law. Taken as a whole, he seemed unconcerned as to the ultimate outcome of the case. The charge is a rather serious one and unless he repays the money to the company and they withdraw the charges against him it will doubtless go hard with him when he is brought to trial, for the evidence is such that it clearly shows that he embezzled the money.

CORNERSTONE OE LUTHERAN CHURCH WILL BE LAID TODAY

The corner-stone laying of the First Evangelical Lutheran church, now being Evangelical Lutheran church, now being erected on South Ashe street will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock by the congregation. The lithurgic services will be beautiful in themselves, following which Rev. R. L. Patterson, of Charlotte, president of the Board of Missions and Church Extension of the United Synod of the South, will have charge of the formal laying of the stone. The services will then be adjourned immediately to the Grace Methodist Protestant church, on the corner of Washington and Greene streets, where the congregation will render an interesting program as follows:

Organ Prelude by Prof. Smith.
Responsive Reading.
Hymn—Christ OurCorner Stone.
Prayer by former pastor and Synodical Missionary of N. C. Synod, Rev. J. L. Morgan, of Raleigh.
Anthem by choir, "O Give Thanks."
Address by Rev. Dr. M. M. Kinard, of Salisbury, president of N. C. Synod.
Hymn.
Selection by First Lutheran church male quartet.
Benediction.
Organ Postlude by Prof. Walter Smith

The Public is most cordially invited.

President of the United States Honors Celebrated Dignitary of the Catholic Church.

President Taft And Many Other Notable Citizens Are in Baltimore Today to Attend The Celebration in Honor of Cardinal Gibbons.

THE FIRST DAY OF ELON COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT

Special to Telegram.

Elon College, June 5.—Elon's Twenty-first commencement began Saturday evening, June 3rd, with the class day exercises. The first item of the evening was the welcome address on the part of the class by President Arnold Hall. Immediately following the words of welcome came an original Latin class song, entitled Caudeamus, sung by the class but composed and set to music by Mr. Russell A. Campbell. This number was well received. Miss Mary Foster then read an appropriate class history. Miss Allene Patton rendered a piano solo from Frysinger, entitled Dreams. She was followed by Mr. R. L. Walker in an oration entitled Home, the Source of our civilization. W. W. McPherson. declared that he had received a message from the Delphic Oracle, then read a luminous class prophecy. Miss Sadie Fonville then rendered a vocal solo. The faculty was not to be omitted by this loyal class and so Miss Jewel Michael presented a toast to the faculty. Miss Lila Newman indulged in a few cuts at the class, which were very much enjoyed. Miss Sudie Lyerly read some reminiscenses which were replete with pleasing incidents. The class poet, Mr. E. T. Hines, then read the class poem, an Ode to Elon. The class will and testament was read by Miss Bessie McPherson and came in for a generous share of applause. The mantle oration was delivered by Mr. W. L. Wells in fitting words and was accepted on the part of the junior class by Mr. J. C. Stuart in equally fitting words. Mr. H. E. Truitt presented the trophies to his class mates, each of which had something distinct and fitting and was applauded with round after round of applause. The program was concluded by a class song composed by Mr. Campbell, entitled Farewell, Elon. The class this year has 21 members, 16 who will receive bachelors degrees, 2 who will receive licentiate degrees, and three masters degrees.

The second great event of the commencement exercises occurred on Sunday morning at 11:30 in the college chapel, the occasion being the preaching of the baccalaureate sermon by the Rev. P. H. Fleming A. M. D.D., pastor of the first Christian Church, Burlington, N. C. Dr. Fleming chose for his text Phil. 3:14: I press on toward the goal unto the prize of the high calling of God, and as his theme, "The inspiration of a great purpose." Dr. Fleming enlarged his text with masterful precision and developed his theme under three heads: First the Vision From Above, second: The Divine Ideal, third: the Call From the Life Beyond. Dr. Fleming said in part, that no education is complete that does not reckon with the vision from above. That no man is a great scholar nor great in any profession, who has not sat at the feet of the Master Teacher, and no man is a true Christian who does not obey the voice of God.

A man's vision and ideas go into that which he is and does. He cannot be and do that of which he has no vision and no ideal. In almost any position and calling of life, that is lawful and right, you find men who have had visions, who become either heroes or martyrs according to the full understanding or misunderstanding of their visions. You find men of this kind in the office, on the farm, in the pulpit, in the school room, and everywhere in the busy world.

To every life there comes a vision from above and the high success is not gotten single handed in the physical, mental or spiritual world but only so far as the mind and spirit are brought into accord and harmony with the divine mind.

Concluding, Dr. Fleming spoke directly to the greduating class and said: I wish not for you who go out from these classic walls today success and happiness as estimated and measured by the world, but I wish for you service and sacrifice. I would have you wear the highest crown and receive the christian's reward, and I would remind you that the brightest crowns and permanent rewards are not found in ideals of selfishness, but in the genuine fields of service and self-sacrifice.

The final service conducted by the senior class on Sunday evening was very much enjoyed. Mr. W. L. Wells lead the service and used as the subject the regular C. E. topic.

The fourth public exercise of the commencement season was the delivery of essays and orations by the representatives of the three literary societies, which occurred on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The representatives were greeted by a large audience and each number was rendered with success. The college band furnished music for the occasion. The first speaker was Mr. W. H. Fleming, representing the Philologian Society, of Burlington, his subject being the Unsolved Problem. He was followed by Miss Mabel Hale Farmer, representing the Psiphelian society, entitled the Fountain of Youth. Mr. J. A. Dickey, Jr., representing the Clio Society, spoke from the theme, the Universal Brotherhood. Mr. C. J. Felton, representing the Clio Society, discussed Personal Elongation. Miss Margaret Isley, representing the Psiphelian Society, rendered an essay on the subject, The Noblest of Professions. The program of the evening was concluded by Mr. W. L. Anderson, representing the Philologian society, in an oration, entitled Greater and Better Things.

On Tuesday morning the chief event is the Literary address to be delivered by Hon. Walter Clark, Chief Justice of the North Carolina Supreme court. This address will occur at 11:30 and Justice Clark will be welcomed by an immense audience at that time.

That evening at 3 o'clock will occur the Recital of the Department of Exercises. At 5 o'clock the Alumni Business meeting, and at 8 o'clock the Annual Concert of the Music Department.

June 7th, commencing at 10:30 o'clock the graduating exercises will occur, at which time President Moffitt will deliver his baccalureate address and the Bible and medals will be awarded to the Senior class by Rev. T. B. White and Mr. R. R. Fonville, respectively. At 3 p. m. on Wednesday the Literary societies will hold their reunions, at 4 o'clock the Art exhibit will occur. At 6:30 the college band will give a concert on the campus band stand, and at 8 o'clock will occur the Alumni address, after which the banquet will be served in the West dormitory dining hall.

SPECIAL

Committee is Appointed to Conduct The New Lorimer Investigation.

Special to Telegram.

Washington, June 5.—At a meeting of the Senate committee on privilages and elections today Senators Dillingham, Gamble, Jones and Kenyon, Republicans, and Senators Fletcher, Johnston, Kern and Lea, Democrats, were designated as a special committee to conduct the new Lorimer investigation. At the last session Dillingham, Gamble, Flethcher and Johnston voted in favor of Lorimer. The other members of the committee are classed as anti-Lorimer men.

BALTIMORE CELEBRATES GOLDEN JUBILEE ANNIVERSARY OF CARDINAL GIBBONS

Baltimore, Mr., June 5.—At no time in the ecclesiastical history of the United States, has such whole-souled and hearty co-operation, irrespective of sect or creed, been in evidence as that which has made possible the notable gathering of prominent men that will assemble Tuesday afternoon in the Fifth Regiment Armory, to pay homage to Americe's only prince of the church, James Cardinal Gibbons, in commemoration of the golden jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood and the silver jubilee of his cardinalate. This event stands unique not only because it is the greatest public celebration ever tendered any member of the American clergy, but because of the widespread non-sectarian interest shown and the hearty friendliness and reverence of men whose religious opinions conflict with the faith of His Eminence.

The exercises will take place from 4 to 6 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, but already the streets of Baltimore give evidence that something unusual is astir. Men famous in the current history of the United States are already rubbing elbows with less famous personages in the hotel lobbies, while President Taft, Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt and Bishop John Gardner Murray, of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Maryland, together with other clerical and political delegations will arrive Tuesday.

CASE AGAINST MOSS WILL COME UP IN U. S. COURT TODAY

Is Charged With Impersonating Revenue Officer—Regular June Term of Court Begins—Charles H. Dorsett Foreman of Grand Jury.

The regular June term of United States Court convened yesterday morning, Judge Boyd presiding. There are only a few cases to be disposed of and the term will last less than a week. Yesterday was taken up with the selection of the grand jury, Judge Boyd's charge and one or two trifling cases.

The first work of the court was the selection of the grand jury, the following being selected: Charles H. Dorsett, foreman; George T. Waynick, W. R. Rominger, J. Fletcher O'Ferrell, A. L. Delk, Ed A. Hodgin, W. J. Peterson, L. C. Huffines, B. R. Brown, T. V. Hamlin J. E. Benbow, H. O. Jobe, C. R. Phipps, J. C. Beamer, W. H. Flinchum, J. T. Thornburg, J. L. Gilmer, Alfred Apple, A. R. Sides.

The charge of Judge Boyd was brief, but to the point. The law was defined in a clear and concise manner and the chare was heard with interest by a large number of spectators.

At the afternoon session the criminal docket was gone over and a number of the cases continued. Capiases were ordered in a number of the cases, the defendants having so far evaded the officers of the law. In the case of U. S. vs. Lewis Hicks, of Forsyth, the charge being illicit distilling, the defendant failed to put in his appearnce and judgment nisi sci fa was ordered. Phil Lucas, of Montgomery county, was ready when his case was called, but this was continued at the request of the district attorney.

The cases aainst Matthew Wergher, of Wilkes county, and Alfred Dugger, of Forsyth, the charge being illicit distilling, were tried, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in each case.

The case against W. V. Moss will likely be taken up this morning. Moss is charged with impersonating a revenue officer with intent to defraud. He is the fellow who visited several places in this city and inspected the establishments, contending that he was a revenue officer in the discharge of his duties. Another case of interest is the one against Sidna B. Allen, of Forsyth county, the charge being perjury. The government contends that Allen swore falsely when on the witness stand in court here last June, at which time he was on trial for counterfeiting. His confederate plead guilty and Allen did all he could to strengthen the case against him.

There are several blockading cases of little importance that will likely come up for trial this week, but it will take only a short time to dispose of them.

NEW PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH ORGANIZED IN FAYETTEVILLE

Special to Telegram.

Fayetteville, June 5.—On the presentation of a petition from thirty-nine residents of Haymount, a suburb of this city, a commission from Fayetteville Presbytery in session here today granted the request of the petitioners for the establishment of a Presbyterian church in Haymount. Organization was then effected by the election of J. C. McDiarmid and S. H. Reed, Elders, C. D. Hutaff, J. J. Devane, Hal Worth and J. M. McFall, deacon, and J. G. Shaw, N. A. Sinclair and J. M. McFall, trustees Thirty of the charter members of the new church were from the First Presbyterian church of Fayetteville.

Ebenezer Baraca Class Meeting.

The Ebenezer Baraca Class of the First Reformed church will meet tonight at 8:15 in the class room. All members urgently requested to be present. Important business.

L. C. TERRY, President.
G. C. VARNER, Secretary.

WAKE FARMER KILLED BY SISTER'S BEAU

Tragedy Occured in Presence of a Young Woman Who Endeavored to Prevent it by Getting Between Combatants — Slayer Surrendered.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 5.—Henry Ward Montague, a young farmer of the Eagle Rock section of the county, was committed to jail this afternoon for the killing of J. B. Robertson early last night. The killing was the result of ill feeling on the part of Robertson because Montague was going with his sister.

Five shots were fired by the young men, three by Robertson and two by Montague. Miss Flossie Nicks, at whose home the shooting occurred, threw herself between the men in an effort to prevent trouble and a rain of bullets flew past her.

Robertson fired first, the ball going through Montague's right arm. When Robertson fired again Montague shot him twice, first in the chin and next in the chest. Though mortally wounded Robertson raised up and banged away at his adversary, the bullet tearing through the skirts of the young woman. Montague surrendered. He will be given a preliminary hearing Thursday at noon.

PYTHIANS ELECT NEW OFFICERS

At last night's meeting of Greensboro Lodge No. 80, Knights of Pythias the rank of knight was conferred on one candidate and two applicants were elected to membership. The semi-annual election of officers was gone into, resulting as follows:

Edgar Smith, C. C.
W. F. Low, V. C.
M. M. Boyles, Prelate.
J. W. McLenan, M. of W.
J. E. Webb, M. of A.
C. L. Jenkins, I. G.
W. L. Johnson, O. G.

Friends Congregation Has Called Minister.

Rev. James R. Jones, a minister from the Indiana Yearly Meeting, has been selected to supply the pulpit of the Friends Meeting House on Asheboro street until the new pastor arrives. The latter is Rev. Earle Harrell, who has been pastor at Worcester, Mass. He will come here August 1st to take charge of this church.

Rev. James R. Jones was pastor of the church here several years ago, and the congregation feels that it has been fortunate in securing him until the new pastor arrives.

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The Greensboro Telegram does not accept whisky, beer or objectionable advertising.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL GREENSBORO, N.C.

The Wilmington Dispatch contributes this remark to the fly talk which some of the newspapers are indulging in: "There are no flys on Wilmington." That may be true, and at the same time there may be millions of flys IN Wilmington.

Raleigh wanted the United Commercial Travelers next year, but it was South Carolina's time to entertain them. The News and Observer says that Raleigh will try for the convention in 1913 and expects to get it.

An exchange says that the fish hooks in use now are of exactly the same shape as the fish hooks used twenty centuries ago. It is probable, also, that the fish stories of the present age are similar to those in circulation in the ages when the fish hooks were made of bronze instead of steel.

The Asheville correspondent of the News and Observer tells his paper that stories to the effect that tourists are being kept away from that city on account of the prevailing "dryness" are untrue. These stories are characterized as "buncombe." However, it would seem to be in accord with the fitness of things that "Buncombe" stories should emanate from Asheville.

It is said that the city of Asheville will donate to the public hospital the "blind tiger" booze seized there. If that is done, both the city officials and the hospital authorities ought to be indicted for cruelty to helpless and innocent people. The idea of giving "blind tiger" liquor to sick folks! The stuff will make well people sick.

There are critics who seem to think that the continued existence of the Carolina Association is a matter of uncertainty. There is no uncertainty, however, in regard to the fact that the other teams of the league are destined to lose most of the games to Greensboro and Winston unless the managers of said teams can find a few better players than those now composing the teams.

THE NEWSPAPERS AND RECIPROCITY.

The Chicago Tribune polled the newspapers of twenty-two States on the question of the adoption of Canadian reciprocity, and the result showed conclusively that the newspapers by a large majority favor the reciprocity measure, and the Tribune draws the conclusion from this fact that a majority of the people of the States in which the poll was made likewise favor the measure. Summing up the result of its poll the Tribune says:

"The Tribune publishes the results of a poll of newspapers in 22 Central, Western, Southwestern, Northwestern and Pacific States on the question of approving the reciprocity agreement with Canada. To more than 10,000 newspapers, representing every shade of politicial opinion, the Tribune submitted this question.

"The replies numbered 4,303, of which 4,240 were definite, even if qualified, expressions of opinion. Of these 3,113 were in favor of the agreement and 1,127 against it—nearly a three-to-one vote for the policy advocated by President Taft.

"The newspapers, daily and weekly, which give the verdict are representative of public opinion. They are safe guides to the sentiments of the communities in which they circulate. The weekly papers outnumber the dailies in the proportion of eight to one, and it may be assumed safely that the poll is an expression of agricultural as well as urban sentiment."

THE WORK OF THE Y. W. C. A.

An interesting meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association was held at the association rooms last Friday night. This was the regular quarterly business meeting of the association followed by a very pleasant social hour. Mrs. J. P. Turner, president, presided over the business session and after devotional exercises conducted by Mrs. G. W. Ward, reports were read showing encouraging progress in the work for the past three months, and outlining some interesting plans for the summer. The report of the General Secretary which follows, gives a brief summary of the work of the quarter.

Especially interesting were the reports of the Educational and Recreation committees. The Educational Committee, Miss Linda Wharton acting chairman, reported that the educational classes conducted through the winter had discintinued their work for the summer, and that arrangements had been made for a summer coaching school for high school students. The Association has employed as teacher for this school Miss Florence C. Lide of Florence, S. C., and Dr. J. L. Mann has offered to supervise it, the term to be eight weeks, beginning about the 19th of June, further details to be announced later.

Mrs. H. L. Martin reported for the Recreation committee. This committee has planned a series of outings through the summer, the first of which will take place Tuesday evening, June 6th, and will be a hay ride. All members of the association wishing to join the party are asked to 'phone the association's office to that effect by Monday noon. The party will leave the Y. W. C. A. rooms at 7:30 Tuesday evening, driving to the Guilford Battle Ground and returning by moonlight. The cost of the drive to each one will be 20c or 25c, depends upon the number in the party. There will be no picnic supper, so the members are asked to have their suppers early and be at the association rooms promptly at 7:30. This committee has also made arrangements for the use of a tennis court for the summer and members wishing to use it may arrange to have hours reserved by applying at the office. There will be no charge for the use of the court but members will be expected to furnish raquets and balls.

After the reports of committees and other matters of business, an interesting report of the recent national convention of the association was given by the general secretary, Miss Cain. This convention which was held in Indianapolis, Ind., in April, was attended by 1,119 delegates from all parts of the United States, who put through with astonishing unanimity and with no waste of time or words an amount of constructive legislation that ensures the future of the national associations it has never dared to hope for before.

An announcement was made to the members of the association of the Y. W. C. A. vacation camp at Tryon, N. C., which includes a house and twenty acres of wood, where young women may enjoy a delightful vacation at a cost of only $3.50 per week. A Y. W. C. A. secretary will be in charge as hostess during the months of July, August and September. Some young women from Greensboro are planning to take advantaged of this opportunity this summer.

Following is the report of the general secretary for the months of March, April and May, 1911.

The spring months mark the close of most of our winter activities and the beginnings of new ones. Plans for work through the winter are giving way to plans for play through the summer, as will be shown by the report of our Recreation Committee. The Educational Committee will convince you, however, that it is not to be all play and no work.

During the past quarter the attendance in the various classes, which have been, one by one, discontinuing their work for the summer, has been 267. The attendance at the noon rest has been 263. The rest room has also been used as a waiting place by women spending a few hours in the city between trains, and by women from the country. Other young women have used our piano for lesson practice, and one young woman has done her spring sewing on our sewing machine. There have been 197 callers at the association office. Women have come to the association asking for board and room and have been referred to suitable boarding houses. Others have come seeking employment and have been put in touch with possible openings. Some have come asking for charity. Such cases as have proven upon investigation to be worthy of assistance have been referred to the Emergency Fund Committee of our Social Study Club. One young widow was given aid and her three children were secured admission to the Children's Home in Winston-Salem.

The total number of visitors to the rooms during the past three months (not including meetings and socials of other organizations held at the association rooms) is 1090. This number does not include attendance at Sunday afternoon meetings, as these for the past quarter have been held away from the rooms.

The general secretary has issued 300 pieces of mail, written 58 items for the daily papers, and made 28 calls. She ha also been the speaker for the series of vesper services held in the churches during March and April, has acted as substitute teacher for the Philathea classes for the city, has on three other occasions assisted in various ways at religious and social meetings in the churches, and has presented the work of the association to a Mission Society of another church.

The Secretary is grateful for the privelege of attending the national Biennial convention at Indianapolis in April, and would gladly have shared this privilege with every member of the association.

Respectfully submitted,
FLORENCE E. CAIN,
General Secretary.

CORN CLUB OPPORTUNITY STILL OPEN

At the December meeting of the Board of Agriculture there was appropriated $500 for prizes to the boys of the State who made the most corn on an acre of ground. Rules and regulations governing the contest were sent to all applicants. Since then there has been subscribed by manufacturers of fertilizers about $500 more, making about $1,000 to be given to the boys who excel in growing corn. In many counties the number of boys entering the contest has been disappointing. In view of this I am going to hold my books open through the month of June, and will enroll any boy of the right age who sends in his application. There is yet a fine opportunity for some boy who has not entered to do so and win a prize. There will be about $100 worth of prizes to each Boys Corn Club district. Only 165 boys have sent in their applications from the Fifth District, as follows: Person 1; Orange 3; Caswell 5; Alamance 24; Rockingham 5; Guilford 45; Randolph 25; Stokes 8; Forsyth 28; Davidson 21.

So far Wilkes is the banner Corn Club county in the State. The County Superintendent of that county, C. C. Whight, has sent in 132 applications. If every county in the State would do as well as Wilkes we would have more than 10,000 boys in the contest studying corn growing and laying the foundation for better and more profitable farming against the day when they shall become men and undertake the responsibilities they will then assume. What a State, agriculturally, North Carolina might become in a few years if we had 10,000 of her best boys now studying how to grow more corn and incidentally learning the foundation for better farming along all lines! Enough county pride should possess every progressive person in the district to encourage him to give the movement the benefit of his or her influence. Let the fathers and mothers of the boys in the district encourage them to enter the contest and see how much corn they can grow on an acre. The experience will be worth a great deal, even though they should not win a prize. Besides, we hope to continue this work, and a boy fails to get a prize this year he stands a better chance of getting one next year if he enters the contest now than if he waits until 1912 to enter.

I shall be pleased to send blanks to any boy who wishes to enter the contest. Do not write to me to enter your name, but ask for a blank to fill out, as only those who have signed applications in my office will be considered members of the corn club. I will send with the application blank one of our Boys Corn Club buttons.

T. B. PARKER,
Director Boys Corn Clubs.
Raleigh, N. C.

"They used to say that when you saw a red-headed girl you would also see a white horse."

"All that has changed. Now you look for white motor car."—Washington Star.

"I notice that your garden doesn't look very promising this year."

"No, every time my husband got to digging in it he found a lot of worms, and they always reminded him of his fishing tackle."—Chicago Record-Hereld.

The Departing Guest—Look here, you know. This is a bit thick. You charge for writing paper, and I haven't used a bally scrap all the time I've been here.

The Proprietor—Ah, pardon, M'sieu. It is for the paper on which your bill is made out!—London Opinion.

Advertising Talks
H. G. B.

The VALUE attached to NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING in various localities and by the various people in those localities presents a very interesting study and at the same time proves to be quite a problem for solution by the Advertising Manager. This fact is to be noted in practically all cases, if not all, the MORE SPACE the advertiser uses the MORE VALUE he attaches to his advertising. It seems to be just like any other investment, the more a man puts into it the more he appreciates it. It is really ludicrous to note in what slight regard newspaper space is held by some merchants who are of course to be classed with the non-advertisers. It is a matter of education after all. The man who attaches such little importance to advertising is just lacking in information that's all. There is no other reason correctly attributed to such a position.

In Greensboro advertising space in The Telegram at the very reasonable rates that are asked is the cheapest investment that any merchant, regardless of the business he is in, can make, and this is the case with any other paper.

NEWS NOTES OF WHITSETT

Special to Telegram.

Whitsett, June 5.—Rev J. D. Andrew, who has recently returned from the General Synod of the Reformed Church in Ohio, preached here Sunday filling his regular appointment.

Mrs. John H. Rankin has been sick for the past week, but is better at this time.

Mrs. W. T. Whitsett is expected home this week from Winston-Salem, where she has been visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rankin, of Durham, are here visiting relatives. For some years Mr. Rankin has been principal of the Durham High school but has resigned to enter upon a business life.

Mrs. R. B. Ellington is in Charlotte visiting relatives for some weeks.

T. H. Ellington, a student here during the spring term, has accepted work with the Public Service Company in Greensboro during the summer.

The new Catalogue is now in the hands of the printer and is expected withing the next two weeks. As usual it will be a very handsome catalogue.

W. J. Thompson expects to have some improvements made upon his residence here withmin the next few months. He is now getting the material in place.

Mrs. R. K. Davanport has gone to Charlotte to join her husband who is there in the photographic business.

At the recent commencement of the University of North Carolina out of four Junior debaters there were two Whitsett boys, and in the graduating class there were four Whitsett men.

There will be preaching next Sunday at Springwood Church at 11 a. m. and at the M. E. church at 3 p. m.

Subbubs—I simply can't sell my place.
Bocker—Why not offer it to the President for a summer capital?—New York Sun.

"What a charming chiffonier?"

"Yes," said the flat-dweller, "isn't it? That was our reception-room and we had a set of drawers made to fit it."—Life.

Gotrox—Can you support my daughter in the way she has been accustomed to live, young man?

Harduppe—Well, it'll be your fault if I can't.—Philadelphia Record.

"You must quit spending so much time in rathskellers and get back to nature more."

"All right, doc. I'd just as soon sit in the ballroom."—Philadelphia Post.

HOW TO FURNISH THE AUDITORIUM IS RALEIGH'S PROBLEM

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 5.—The city of Raleigh now contributes $2,000 per year toward the maintenance of the Raney Library that was donated to the city some years ago by the late R. B. Raney. The Woman's Club and the library management are now pressing upon the aldermen a demand for an additional allowance of $100 per month tax for maintaining a children's department. A motion to suspend the rules and allow the appropriation at a regular meeting last night failed to carry and the question goes over to the next meeting with indications that the appropriation will be allowed.

Now that the $125,000 municipal and auditorium building for the city of Raleigh is nearing completion the question of furnishing the building has loomed up with the aldermen. The building was erected by a building commission with the proceeds from bonds and question of taking something like $10,000 from the general fund of the city treasury for the furnishings is causing the financiers of the city to "sit up and take notice" rather puzzled sort of way. It is understood that the 5,000 chairs with which to equip the big auditorium are to be gotten through the proceeds of some sort of entertainment to be arranged for as a "house warming" for the auditorium when completed. The contractors expect to turn the building over to the city completed July 1.

Middle Aged and Elderly People,
Use Foley Kidney Pills for quick and permanent results in all cases of kidney and bladder troubles, and for painful and annoying irregularities. For sale by Howard Gardner.

A lot of the money people marry for is counterfeit.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY REMEDY
Is particularly recommended for chronic cases of kidney and bladder trouble. It tends to regulate and control the kidney and bladder action and is healing, strengthening and bracing. For sale by Howard Gardner.

Two may be company—unless they are husband and wife.

Foley Kidney Pills contain just the ingredients necessary to regulate and strengthen the action of the kidneys and bladder. Try them yourself. For sale by Howard Gardner.

Life without love is like a good dinner without an appetite.

A Dreadful Wound
from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, fireworks, or of any other nature, demands prompt treatment with Bucklen's Arnica Salve to prevent blood poison or gangrene. Its the quickest, surest healer for all such wounds as also for Burns, Boils, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Eczema, Chapped Hands, Corns or Piles, 25c. at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

If a man has nothing to do, he is always equal to the task.

A Charming Woman
is one who is lovely in face, form, mind and temper. But its hard for a woman to be charming without health. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always proves a godsend to women who want health, beauty and friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood; give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion and perfect health. Try them. 50c. at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

The reason a girl can dance all night without getting tired is she couldn't handle a broom for ten minutes without breaking down.

$100 Reward, $100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ONE WEAK SPOT

Most Greensboro People Have a Weak Spot and Too Ofter It's the Back.
Everyone has a weak spot.
Too often it's a bad back.
Twinges follow every sudden twist.
Dull aching keeps up, day and night.
Tells you the kidneys need help—
For backache is really kidney-ache.
A kidney cure is what you need.
Doan's Kidney Pills help sick kidneys.
Are for backache and urinary ills.
Good proof of their merit in the following statement.
Mrs. J. W. Pettigrew, Main St., Reidsville, N. C., says: "I continue to think Doan's Kidney Pills an excellent remedy for the kidneys and gladly verify the statement I gave in their praise nearly three years ago. For several years I had kidney complaint and there was a dull ache across the small of my back and in my head. I often felt worn out and was miserable in every way, when I got Doan's Kidney Pills. They lived up to the claims made for them, restoring me to good health."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

"I've been sent downtown to buy a taboret. What's that?"

"Don't you know? It's one of those things that stand around about shin-high in the dark."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

F. S. Rexford, 615 New York Life Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., says: "I had a severe attack of cold which settled in my back and kidneys and I was in great pain from my trouble. A friend recommended Foley Kidney Pills and I used two bottles of them and they have done me a world of good." For sale by Howard Gardner.

While everybody in a crowd is fighting over a golden apple an outsider slips in and runs off with it.

YOUR NEIGHBOR'S EXPERIENCE
How you may profit by it. Take Foley Kidney Pills. Mrs. Mrs. E. G. Whiting, 360 Willow St., Akron, O., says: "For some time I had a very serious case of kidney trouble and I suffered with backaches and dizzy headaches. I had specks floating before my eyes and I felt all tired out and miserable. I saw Foley Kidney Pills advertised and got a bottle and took them according to directions and results showed almost at once. The pain and dizzy headaches left me, my eye-sight became clear and today I can say I am a well woman, thanks to Foley Kidney Pills." For sale by Howard Gardner.

The Lord gives us our appearances; we need money to keep them up.

A LEADING CALIFORNIA DRUGGIST
Pasadena, Cal., March 9, 1911.
Foley and Co., Gentlemen:—We have sold and recommended Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for years. We believe it to be one of the most efficient expectorants on the market. Containing no opiates or narcotics it can be given freely to children. Enough of the remedy can be taken to relieve a cold, as it has no nauseating results, and does not interfere with digestion. Yours very truly, C. H. Ward Drug Co., C. L. Parsons, Sec'y and Treas." Get the original Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in the yellow package. For sale by Howard Gardner.

Anyhow, manners in street cars aren't much worse than in riots.

Wins Fight For Life.
It was a long and bloody battle for life that was waged by James B. Mershon, of Newark, N. J., of which he writes: "I had lost much blood from lung hemorrhages, and was very weak and run-down. For eight months I was unable to work. Death seemed close on my heels, when I began, three weeks ago, to use Dr. King's New Discovery. But it has helped me greatly. It is doing all that you claim." For weak, sore lungs, obstinate coughs, stubborn colds, hoarseness, la grippe, asthma, hay-fever or any throat or lung trouble its supreme. 50c. and $1. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

A man knows he's honest 'cause he's so durned poor.

Work Will Soon Start
after you take Dr King's New Life Pills, and you'll quickly enjoy their fine results. Constipation and indigestion vanish and fine appetite returns. They regulate stomach, liver and bowels and impart new strength and energy to the whole system. Try them. Only 25c. at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

After once discovering that he is smart a man can't forget it.

Capital punishment ought to be satisfactory to legislative grafters.

A cat may have nine lives, but when it comes to "kicking the bucket" an old cow has the cat beaten to a frazzle.

WEDDING FLOWERS
Any Kind
Let us send you our booklet telling you all about them.
J. Van Lindley
Nursery Company

We are prepared to do any kind of Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Office Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood, Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.
Phone No. 8
When you want anything moved.
Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

TAYLOR & HIRE
New Livery Stable

Phone 17. 310 S. Davie St.

FOR GOOD BRICK
See
LIBERTY BRICK CO.
Liberty, N. C.

I WILL
PAINT
Your House
And give you first class work and save you money.
R. E. Andrews
218 West Market St. Phone 938.

You will find nine artists at
The Hotel Guilford Barber Shop
C. W. EDWARDS, Prop.

SOFTNESS OF SEALSKIN.
Is Rivaled by Human Hair Where Dandruff Is Eradicated.
Sealskin is admired the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radical cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a pestiferous parasite that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Newbro's Herpicide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff there is no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Scouring the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women owe their beautiful suits of hair to Newbro's Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.
One dollar bottles guaranteed.
Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., and Greensboro Drug Co., Special Agents.

There is
BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION
in every monument made by
Englehart Granite and Marble Works
Our specialty
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.
Phone 281.

Townsend's Bargains.
Don't forget the prices we made you on shoes last week are still in force and here are some more bargains:
2 yd. wide Linen Table Cloth 59c., worth $1.00.
1 3-4yd. wide Table Cloth 49c., worth 90c.
Three other styles at 19, 29, and 39c., worth double.
More than 100 suits Boys' Clothing from 50c. to $4.00; about 1-2 value. Men's Suits $4.50 to $10.00. Men's Pants 50c. to $3.00. Ladies' Vests, good ones at 5c. each. Big stock tableware.
TOWNSEND'S VARIETY STORE.

"I would rather save one life than be a Millionaire"

So said the great specialist, Dr. Daniel G. Carey, founder of that marvelous medicine, **MARSH ROOT.** "Upon receiving my first diploma allowing me to practice medicine, I registered a solemn vow—to be as great help to my fellow men as my talents would allow me to be. It is a source of great satisfaction to me to be able to look back over the sixty-nine years of my life, during which, over forty years have been spent in healing the sick, to be able to say and truthfully that I have never yet failed to respond to the call of urgent necessity anre that to each individual case, I have given the patient the best of my knowledge and ability, regardless of the question which bothers the majority of physicians, will I ever get my money? Money has never been a consideration with me where human life was at stake." This is indeed the truest kind of philanthropy; it is too often the case that the saving of human life hangs upon the ability of the PAY for the doctor's service. Thrice blessed is he who can truthfully say, "Life is more precious than possession of gold."

During the extensive practice of this great specialist he has experimented with the effect upon the human system of certain **ROOTS** and **HERBS** in the treatment of certain diseases and for the benefit of those who do not care to undergo a course of physician's attendance and treatment, this great healer has compounded a certain combination of **ROOTS** and **HERBS** for the treatment of kidney and bladder difficulties, into one great medicine which he has justly called **MARSH ROOT.** Countless pages might be written regarding the merits of this marvelous medicine, to which thousands of persons who are now living and enjoying perfect health which they owe to the use of this great remedy, can testify.

Read what this gentleman says:

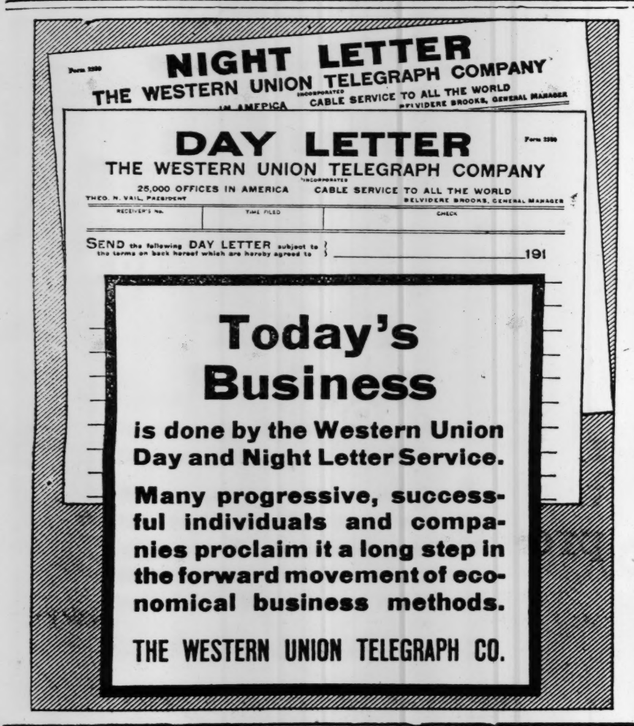
The following is a statement given to Dr. Carey, in regard to the remarkable cure of A. B. Royse, formerly of Nebraska, and now residing at No. 361 Columbia Street, Elmira, N. Y.

I was a sufferer from Kidney and Bladder trouble, and was so bad that I had given up all hope. I was induced to try a bottle of Dr. Carey's Marsh Root. To my surprise and satisfaction, I at once could see a change in my condition. I continued the use of the valuable remedy and can now say that I am entirely cured. I am seventy-one years old and comparatively a well man, and cannot say too much for Dr. Carey's Marsh Root Kidney and Bladder Cure. I can now sleep all night and rest well. Before I commenced taking Dr. Carey's Marsh Root, I was compelled to urinate several times during my sleeping hours. Thanks to your remedy. Signed, A. B. ROYSE.

Trial Size, FIFTY CENTS. Large Bottle containing two and one-half times as much as Trial Size, ONE DOLLAR.

A POSITIVE BANK DRAFT GUARANTEE WITH EACH ONE DOLLAR BOTTLE.

Conyers & Sykes — Z. V. Conyers,
McAdoo Hotel corner, Greensboro, N. C. — 350 So. Elm St.


NIGHT LETTER
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY
CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD
DAY LETTER
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY
25,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA
CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD
SEND the following DAY LETTER
Today's Business
is done by the Western Union Day and Night Letter Service.
Many progressive, successful individuals and companies proclaim it a long step in the forward movement of economical business methods.
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

Homemade Cannon Battered the Walls of the Mission at Juarez

Photos copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

NECESSITY is the mother of invention in war as well as in peace. The insurrectos preparing to attack Juarez needed artillery, but they had none. Their small rifles, effective enough when the army was in sight, were ineffective when the bullet was fired against the solid walls of the adobe houses. Heavier missiles were needed, and so the insurrectos devised a homemade cannon. It was not rifled and its aim was erratic, but at close range it could do much damage. The picture above shows the homemade cannon after it had been dragged into the city of Juarez by the victorious insurrectos. The other picture shows the walls of the old mission in Juarez inside which the federal troops under command of General Navarro made a desperate stand. The marks of the small bullets on the walls of the church are plainly shown, and the picture also shows where a considerable portion of the wall was torn away, probably by a missile fired from the homemade cannon.

TRAINING TREMBLAY

By GERTRUDE HOLLIS

With a last approving smile, Timothy Tremblay stalked from the room. Molly Hastings looked up from her work.

"What a singularly intrusive person," she said mildly. "Do you always let him come around and bother you like that?"

To a woman, the Auxiliary gasped.

"That was Timothy Tremblay," explained Miss Sexton, as though further comment were unnecessary.

"I know that," admitted Molly. "He came up to me after church last Sunday and insisted that I stay and meet the minister, though I explained that I had already met Mr. Collier and that I was in a hurry to get home."

"But you did wait," pursued Miss Sexton, gently.

"Of course not," said Molly. "I was in a hurry. Is he always as bossy as that?"

The Auxiliary gasped. Ever since they could remember, Tremblay had run things in Chestertown. Sometimes they had secretly chafed at his ways, but he had never been called "bossy" before.

"Mr. Tremblay is a splendid manager," put in Miss Sexton softly. "Of course we are very glad to have his advice."

"I'm not," said Molly rebelliously. "You people may stand for it if you want to, but he will not order me about."

The Auxiliary regarded Molly admiringly. The Hastings family had just come to Chestertown, where the First National, of which Mr. Hastings was cashier, was a branch of one of the city banks. Molly had dropped naturally into the life of the little town in the week she had been there. She was already a member of the Ladies' Auxiliary and had promised to sing in the choir next Sunday. Already, too, she had discovered the

Painted Some Odd Posters.

objectionableness of Mr. Tremblay and the incident of the afternoon showed her how completely he controlled the affairs of the church.

A single-handed revolution was a rather daring move, but she determined upon it, and when Molly set her heart on anything it usually came to pass.

The first blow was struck at the meeting of the Auxiliary the following week. Molly came to Miss Sexton's early. Tremblay was there before here, making suggestions, ordering people about and otherwise making a nuisance of himself. Molly waited in patience until the meeting had been called to order, and the women had slipped on their aprons and took up their sewing. Mr. Tremblay was finding fault with the design of the cloth used for the aprons on which they were serving. Miss Sexton flushed and troubled, welcomed the interruption when Molly slipped up to him with an apron and a sewing basket.

"My dear young lady, I thought you had been seated," he cried. "Let me find a place for you."

"I have a place, thank you." Molly's voice was cold and clear. "I offer you the apron."

"But, my dear child, I have no use for it," he explained, backing away.

"This is a meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary," pursued Molly. "We are making up aprons to be sold for the benefit of the organ fund. If you are a member of the Auxiliary, you will have to do your share. If you are not——" Molly looked meaningly at the door and yet her manner could not possibly be termed rude. Tremblay backed further away.

"I shall see you later, Sister Sexton," he mumbled. "I have to get down town now. Just dropped in to see that everything is all right."

He was gone before anyone quite realized what had happened. Molly quietly resumed her seat.

"Mr. Tremblay has nothing to do with the Auxiliary," she explained, "and he had no business to come here and find fault."

"We should be very grateful to Brother Tremblay for his advice," protested Miss Sexton weakly.

"I'm not," said Molly rebelliously. "He was not giving us advice; he was finding fault. I'm sure I think that this pattern is very pretty."

"But you see, he's going to sell them in his store for us," explained Mrs. Bascom.

"I can sell them in the city to better advantage," Molly said quietly. "My uncle will give us three cents apiece more than Mr. Tremblay gives and he will pay cash."

The guns of the opposition were spiked and Molly's first engagement had resulted in a decisive victory.

But it was only the opening battle of an extended warfare. For nearly two generations Timothy Tremblay had ruled the minister and infant class alike, and it was hard for him to realize that he had met his match in this bright-faced girl. Most of the congregation were inclined to regard Molly as a modern Joan of Arc.

But the most surprising development was the attitude of young Samuel Tremblay. He had watched with growing amazement the conquest of his father, and to the astonishment of all, he openly attached himself to Molly's cause. He was the defender when she was not present, even in his father's house. Molly liked the sincere young fellow and when she planned her big entertainment she made him her assistant.

Timothy Tremblay opposed the idea from the start. The previous year he had arranged a lecture course and the church had lost more than a hundred dollars, instead of making a profit. Some of the elder men of the vestry joined Tremblay in his opposition, but many came out openly in favor of Molly, and when she announced that she would assume all risk, there was nothing more to be said.

"It's the last effort," she explained to Sam. "If I fail in this, I shall lose what I have gained. If I make it a success, I shall have carried my point."

"It seems pretty rough on dad," laughed Sam, "but I think you were right about his interference. They all resented it, but they were so used to it no one dared complain."

"This is going to be a success," she said positively. "I shall not permit a failure."

And success it was. Molly and Sam painted odd posters, some of which were sent to nearby towns, and the evening of the entertainment the town hall was crowded. People stood along the aisles at the sides of the hall and declared themselves well repaid. More than $30 was turned into the treasury and it was a happy Molly Hastings who at last started for home under Sam's escort.

"We've won," he exclaimed. "After this, dad can say nothing at all. Have I won, too, Molly?"

"I think you've won—Molly," she repeated with lowered head. He caught her in his arms, unmindful of the sound of footsteps in their rear until his father spoke.

"What is the meaning of this?" demanded the elder Tremblay sternly. "Nice conduct, I must say."

"You may kiss her, too, dad," offered Sam beaming. "She is going to be your daughter."

For a moment the old man paused. Then he bent and kissed the girl.

"If you can stand for a 'bossy' father-in-law I'm glad to welcome you, my girl," he said wistfuly. "You've taught me a pretty hard lesson, child, but I guess I needed it."

JANITOR FINDS EXACT TIME

Colored Man Used Two Watches, Neither of Which Was Correct, to Determine Question.

There is nothing like having one timepiece to correct the mistakes of another. Those people who keep a clock in every room of the house will no doubt be glad to learn of the expedient adopted by the old colored janitor in an office building in Chicago. One day a man, whose office was under this janitor's charge, asked him if he had the exact time. "Just a moment, sir," he said, and pulled out a battered silver watch from a vest pocket, looked at it, put it back and then took a pencil out of another pocket and jotted down something on the back of an envelope.

Next he produced a second silver watch from his trousers pocket, looked at it, and began to figure out something on the paper. By and by he said:

"When you asked, sir, it were jest 27 minutes past three—that's exact."

"Much obliged," said the other, who had been fingering his watch nervously. "But will you please tell me what you were doing all that arithmetic for?"

"Well, you see," said the old man, "this watch that I carry in my vest is a mighty good watch, only it gains ten minutes every day. And this one is a mighty good one, too, but it losses ten minutes every day. So I just look at them both and then strikes an average. You'd be surprised, sir, to see what a simple matter it is."—Youth's Companion.

A Hero Again.

The great, inevitable conflict in the air was on.

Our fleet of airships was confronted by that of the enemy.

Suddenly a scout-plane darted in with the news that the enemy was bringing up its reinforcements.

Unless something tremendously heroic was done all was lost.

Quickly Richmond Pearson Hobson, sailing on a single motorplane, dashed into the imminent breach.

In resonant tones he began delivering his series of Chautauqua lectures.

This quickly used up all the air over an area of 100 miles in diameter.—New York Times.

TUESDAY BARGAIN DAY

DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS UNTIL NOON

THIRD FLOOR.

$4 Window Awnings, $2.98. These awnings are made of good quality duck, brown and blue stripes, complete with cord and pulley. No charge for hanging.

Sewing Machines, $18—"the Winner." By this name it is known as a strictly high grade machine and to our minds the best that $18 can bring you. Drop head style, with high arm and all the new improvements, in a two and four drawer cabinet of golden oak finish. A guarantee goes with every one, and parts can be had at any time. $18 cash, or can be purchased by our club plan and payments, made in covenient amounts.

Rogers' Quadruple Plated Silverware. Choice of 100 pieces, including sugar and cream, butter dishes, bread trays, teapots, cake baskets, syrup plates, trays, round and square, etc., value up to $3, for $1.69.

BATH MIRRORS.

$4 white enamled bath mirror, 16x20, French beveled plate, $2.98.

18 inch or 24 inch plate glass shelves to match, $1.50.

600 yards silk and silk cotton mixed goods, sold up to 50c yard, choice Tuesday at 19c, yard.

1 Marquisette robe, sold $10.00 for $7.95.

1 Marquisette robe embroidered in black, sold for $12 for $8.95.

Batiste robes in white and pink, sold for $7.50, for $4.95.

IN MILLINERY DEPARTMENT FOR TUESDAY.

20 Gage and Renard Pattern Hats, many styles and shapes, sold from $10 to $18.50, choice Tuesday, $4.95.

Pink stripe linen, mercerized rough pongee, fancy repp, bengaline suitings, plain and fancies, sold up to 35c., choice 12 1-2c yard.

90 inch union linen sheeting for 39c.

Men's fine shirts, values up to $2.50, for $1.55.

Meyer's one year guaranteed black taffeta, 36 inch wide, 79c. yard.

Black Duchess Satin, 36 inch wide, $1 value for 79c. yard.

CORK LINOLEUM.

Five patterns to select from. Regular price $1.25, $1.10 and $1 per yard. Sale price, 89c. and 98c.

JUNE SALE UNDER-MUSLIN THIS WEEK

Attractive, Well-made Garments, Underpriced.

Hats Trimmed Free — Meyer's DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. — Home Journal Patterns

Grave Fears For the Life of The Aged Emperor of Austria.

Disquieting reports concerning the health of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria are again in circulation. His physicians have ordered his majesty to change his habits of living, but he is reluctant to obey. The emperor is in his eighty-first year. He has sat on the throne since 1848, a longer period than any other European monarch now alive.

Try a Little Want Ad in The Telegram.

POPULAR EXCURSION -to- JACKSONVILLE and TAMPA, FLA. via Southern Railway TUESDAY JUNE 6, 1911.

Southern railway announces extremely low round trip excursion rates to Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., as follows:

From	to Jacksonville	to Tampa
Greensboro	$7.50	$ 9.50
Reidsville	$8.70	10.70
Burlington	$7.50	9.50
Sanford	$7.50	9.50

Proportionately low rates from other stations. Tickets to be used on regular trains up to Charlotte, June 6th. Special train will be operated from Charlotte 10:30 p. m. arriving Jacksonville early next morning.

Train will consist of Coaches and Sleeping cars.

Great opportunity to spend few days surf bathing, fishing, etc., at Latona Beach and other delightful points in the "Land of Flowers", final limit of tickets June 13th, 1911, and good returning on regular trains. Don't miss this outing. Order Pullman reservations now. For further information, address,

W. H. McGLAMERY, P & T. A.,
Greensboro, N. C.
R. H. DeBUTTS, T. P. A.,
Charlotte, N. C.

Hurdy-Gurdy Called Vehicle.

Hurdy-gurdies are vehicles within the meaning of the ordinances of the District of Columbia. This was impressed on the "chauffeurs" of two such music cards a day or two ago when they were haled to court and fined a dollar apiece for failing to comply with the regulation requiring lights on all wheeled vehicles after nightfall.

No Wonder She Raved.

"What's the matter with your wife? She seems to be very irascible lately."

"Why, she was assisting at a rummage sale, and somebody sold her new hat for 35 cents."

WANT ADS

Connecting Link Between Buyer & Seller

Classificd Ads One Cent a Word Each Insertion. No ads taken for less than Twenty-five Cents for First Insertion. Situation Want Ads Free One Time.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, apply with references to circulation manager, The Greensboro Telegram.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Address "X. Y. Z." care Telegram. 3t.

I NEED SOME ADDITIONAL CAPITAL for my business, must have it by the 10th. Have you $25.00, $50.00, $75.00, or $100.00 you can spare for six months. I will pay 10 per cent for the use of same. Your money will be absolutely safe. Address P. O. Box No. 843. City. June 6, 1t. *

WANTED—TO BORROW MONEY IN amounts of $100 to $500 on first mortgage securities. Will pay 8 per cent. interest per annum. Address box 42, Greensboro, N. C. 3-9-tf.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, apply with references to circulation manager, The Greensboro Telegram. tf.

HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

LAIDLER HOTEL—OPPO. DEPOT. Mrs. A. C. Laidler, Prop. American and European plan. Hot and cold baths. Electric lighted. Large sample room. Everything new. Rates $1.50 and $2.00. Special weekly rates. Special dinner, 35c. 6-2-6t

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BRILL'S STEAM DYE HOUSE, 208 N. Elm. Phone 535. Ladies' Fancy White Dresses, Waists, etc., cleaned in a superior manner to ordinary laundry work. Our prices on dresses, plain, 75c to $1.00; fancy, $1.00 to $1.25. Fancy waists 35c. to 50c. Brill's. Phone 535. 6-2-6t-e.o.d.

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST, NOW try the best Economy Pressing Club. Phone 350. 6-2-3t

FOR SWEET PEAS PHONE 1494. Mrs. Hunter, West Lee street. 6-1-6t

EVERYTHING REPAIRED AT McAdoo Garage. 5-19-tf.

AGENTS WANTED.

WOMEN, SELL GUARANTEED HOSE. 70 per cent. profit. Make $10 daily. Full or part time. Beginners investigate. Strong Knit, Box 4029, West Philadelphia, Pa. June 4-11-18-25*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON ELM STREET, LADIES' gold watch. Elgin movement. Reward. McAdoo Hotel. 6-4-2t.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NICE COUNTRY HOME. Guilford Co. Co-Operative Supply Co., 605 South Elm St. 2t. *

FOR SALE—GEISER PATENT NO. 2 Threshing outfit. First class condition. McAdoo Garage. 5-19-tf.

FOR SALE—THE MOST DESIRABLE suburban home in Greensboro, this is the J. M. Millikan residence in Glenwood, containing about two acres of land, with 450 feet of street car frontage with a modern nine room house, with all the conveniences. Electric lights, sewer and bath on both floors, hot and cold water range in kitchen, large barn, poultry yard and houses, good orchard, etc. Good graded school now being built in sight of this place, it has everything to make it a real home. The owner has good reason for selling. This property will be sold at a great bargain. For price and terms see Greensboro Real Estate Exchange. Phone 451. 6-4-3t.

FOR SALE—GASOLINE ENGINE 27 horse power, good condition. McAdoo Garage. 5-19-tf.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD SPRING drays and harness. Apply to N. J. McDuffie. 6-4-2t

FOR SALE—1 NINE HORSE POWER Foss gasoline engine mounted. McAdoo Garage. 5-19-tf.

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF PARTS for machinery, shafting, pulleys, etc. Southern Junk & Hide Co., S. Davie Street. tf.

FOR SALE — GASOLINE, 6-HORSE power engine pratically new. McAdoo Garage. 5-19-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HEAVY HAULING. IF YOU HAVE anything heavy you want moved or hauled a distance, get our prices. Horse or steam power. Glenn Bros., 334 E. McCulloch street. Phone 1053. tf.

INSURANCE REAL ESTATE
IF YOU WANT TO BUY, BORROW, SELL OR INSURE
TELL IT TO
GUILFORD INSURANCE & REALTY CO.
BONDS-LOANS GREENSBORO, N.C.

MANAGERS:

O. W. Carr & Co., Greensboro Loan & Trust Co., Insurance Dept., Dixie Fire Insurance Co., Local Agency Dept.

G. W. PATTERSON, President.
J. W. FRY, Vice-President.
O. L. GRUBBS, Secretary.
LULU B. CARR, Treasurer.
H. R. BUSH, Mem. Board Directors.

Office: First floor Greensboro Loan & Trust Building.
'Phone 312.

50 acre dairy and truck farm

For Sale

two miles from center of city, on macadam road, 5 room house, barn, etc. Terms to suit purchaser.

BROWN
Real Estate Comp'y.
109 E. Market St.

For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at $1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at $3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, 'Phone 1404.

BERNAU
THE POPULAR JEWELER
will save you money on
Kodaks, Films and Finishing

By Way of Suggestion

Have you any articles around the house—old clothes, old furniture or anything else from which you have derived good service, and of which you would be glad to dispose?

Try a For Sale Ad In The Telegram Want Page. You Will Get RESULTS

LOCAL POLICE HAD BUSY TIME WITH FOREIGN CRIMINALS

Three Offenders Taken in Tow Yesterday—One a Winston Murderer.

Three arrests were effected yesterday by the policemen of the city. The criminals were visitors however and for one day at least Greensgoro's large class of ne'er-do-wells seemed to be on their good behavior.

John Rush, a negro boy young in age but old in size, being 17 years old and 6 feet 3 inches in height, "blew in" during the day from Cooleemee and was locked up at the request of his father, naming run away.

A telegram describing Tom Jacobs from Winston-Salem led to the arrest of that worthy on the charge of assault upon his wife. He later arranged bond satisfactorily and went his way.

Winston-Salem sent still another recruit to the local jail. Dave Allen, colored, shot and killed his brother-in-law, Arthur Harvey, Sunday morning about 9:30 o'clock in Salem. Allen remonstrated with his victim for beating his wife and Harvey attempted to strike him with a stick. Allen fired twice, both bullets taking effect in Harvey's breast just above the heart. The assailant immediately fled. Yesterday afternoon a call came to police headquarters saying that Allen was located in the colored district about the city and that he was willing to surrender himself. Officers Bryant and Wooten, of Winston-Salem, accompanied by Patrolman Hepler, captured the negro and stowed him in jail. He was taken to the Twin City to stand trial.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend to our neighbors and friends our appreciation and sincere thanks for the many kind words and deeds shown before and after the death of Mrs. A. J. Cummings. May God's richest blessing attend them all.

J. W. BENNETT,
For the Family.

Reader 1t

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, APPLY WITH REFERENCES TO CIRCULATION MANAGER, THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM. tf.

SALE OF PLANT AND PROPERTY OF KIRKPATRICK BRICK CO.

Pursuant to and under the authority of an order of the Superior Court of Guilford County, made and entered at April term, 1911, in the civil action therein pending entitled "J. C. Morris et al. vs. Kirkpatrick Brick Company", the undersigned, as receiver of said Kirkpatrick Brick Company, will on Wednesday, the 14th day of June, 1911, offer for sale on the premises upon which is located the plant of said Kirkpatrick Brick Company, situated about one and one-half miles Northwest of the city of Greensboro, North Carolina, all of the property, both real and personal, of said Kirkpatrick Brick Company including a tract of land containing about thirty-five and one-half acres, together with the buildings and other structures thereon, as also all the machinery, apparatus and supplies heretofore used in connection with the business of said Kirkpatrick Brick Company in the preparation and manufacture of brick. The entire property will be first offered for sale as divided into parts and will then be offered for sale as a whole, the land being divided into lots. The receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids and all bids will be subject to confirmation by the court.

Hour of sale, 10 a. m.

Further information and details may be obtained by application to the undersigned.

O. W. MONROE,
Receiver Kirkpatrick Brick Company.
June 3—10t.

FOR RENT

Eight room house, Spring street; in good condition; close in.....$25.00
House No. 436 Church Street, new, all modern improvements.....$35.00
4-room house, Price street, in apartment house $8.00
8-room house, Asheboro street; on car line, large lot $20.00
House No. 919 Pearson street, 7 rooms, newly painted $15.00
House No. 405 North Cedar street, 7-room, modern $18.00
5-room cottage, Haywood street..$4.00

Southern Real Estate Co.
T. D. SHARPE, Mgr. Rent Dept.
Phone 829. 112 E. Market St.

Poodle, Terrier and Cupid

By CARL JENKINS

The fond father of Miss May Islington had paid $50 for that poodle dog of hers. He was a white poodle with pinkish eyes. He would sit up or lie down and roll over when commanded, although he did not seem to think much of the performance himself. As he had been purchased from a pale-faced young man, who had stolen him from a red-faced woman, ten dollars would have been a goodly price, but he had said fifty, and fifty it was.

Every morning, if the weather was not too bad, Bobby was walked in the park, where he could stretch his legs and bark his little bark. Miss May was the one who generally showed him off, but there were times when he was put in charge of the parlor maid with injunctions. There were 36 of these injunctions, ending with: "And now, if you let any other dog annoy Bobby you will surely lose your place in the house.

And thus the parlor maid would go sailing through the park with her chin in the air and her hat on her ear. She was in charge of a $50 poodle. In fact, no one could say that she was not the owner of it. She looked with contempt on the small boys who asked her if Bobby was a young goat, and she condescended to reply to the questions of ladies with:

"Yes, he took the prize at the dog show, and I thought he was cheap at $500."

"What—$500!"

"Certainly. You didn't take him for a cur, I hope! Bobby, sit up for the person!"

Mr. Herbert Frayne had a terrier dog. His name was Dick, and no value had ever been placed on him. He had never been asked to sit up or roll over, and he certainly would have refused if he had been. He was full

Frisked and Gamboled.

of years and dignity, and he left all monkeyshines to younger dogs. Dick also was given morning walks. When his sole owner and proprietor could not take him out he was intrusted to the valet, but without injunctions. Dick could take care of himself.

It was fated that the parlor maid with the poodle and the valet with the terrier should meet. They did meet. The maid had taken a seat on a bench and arranged her figure according to the latest edict, and the poodle had been arranged beside her to show him to the best advantage, when the valet and the terrier came along. The valet gave a snort as he saw the poodle, and the terrier gave the other canine only a passing glance, and all would have gone well had not Bobby sprung down and tried to bite the terrier on his left heel. It was an unprovoked outrage. It called for revenge. That terrier picked that poodle up and shook him and then rolled him all over the path.

"Then learn your cur better manners!" said the valet after the conflict was over.

Oh, you scoundrel!" exclaimed the indignant and trembling maid. "You set your pole-cat of a dog on Bobby and have killed him, and you'll go to prison for it!"

"Your dog started the row."

"It's false!"

"It's true!"

"I'll call a policeman!"

"Call two of 'em!"

"Villain, you shall hear from me again," said the maid, as she cuddled the whining Bobby under her arm and started away.

"You teach your dog better manners. He doesn't run this park!"

The valet said nothing of the incident when he returned home. The terrier had received a bite, but it didn't justify a narrative.

On the contrary, the parlor maid went home with tears in her eyes to tell how a young man and a terrier dog had nearly killed Bobby and "sassed" her as if she were nothing but a washerwoman. It was the terrier that was all to blame. He had seen Bobby sitting up there on the bench, and being envious and jealous, and naturally ill-natured, had made an unprovoked attack. Bobby had fought gallantly, but was outclassed from the start. He had been bitten and chewed and rolled and bounced, and then the owner of the terrier had stood by and shouted:

"Give it to him, Dick. Bite him in two, old boy! Ha! that was a good one!"

Miss May Islington's eyes were flashing and her cheeks burning long before the story was finished. When it was quite ended she said:

"It is the most monstrous thing of the century! I shall not leave it to the police, but take the matter into my own hands."

"But what can you do?" was asked.

"Do? Do? To-morrow morning I take the dog in the park myself. I meet the man and his dog. I hit his dog as hard as I can, and I tell the man what I think of him. Oh, I'm not afraid to talk up. I'll make his ears burn!"

"But he's a very sassy man."

"I don't care. I can wither him with just one look!"

When Bobby started out next morning, the maid was apprehensive, but his mistress was ready for the fray. She had said nothing to her father, preferring to fight her own little battle alone. There could be no mistake. That is, she could not mistake a tall man with a St. Bernard for a medium sized man with a terrier. She did not. She was walking along the path where Bobby had trotted the day before when she came upon man and dog. The terrier sat at the man's feet, and was blinking in the sunshine. Again it was the poodle who was the aggressor. He had been well licked the day before, but that was when he was with the parlor maid. He was now with his mistress, and his confidence was great. He turned aside and attacked. It was the same gymnastics over again, except that the man jumped up, raised his hat to the young lady, and then grabbed the stumped tail of his dog and hauled him out of the fray and cuffed his ears and exclaimed:

"Why, Dick, I'm ashamed of you!"

"You ought to be!" came from the young lady.

"But I have hardly ever known him to fight before."

"And only yesterday he picked a fight with Bobby right up by that bench, and you encouraged it, and talked very impudently—"

"I beg your pardon."

"Oh, yes you did, and I know it!"

"But, Miss, you see—"

"Your dog is a menace and a nuisance, and I shall notify the park police. Keep him away! If he attacks Bobby again I shall demand his instant death!"

"There is some mistake here," said the man as he still hung on to his dog. "I was not in the park yesterday. You could not have seen me. My dog, here, was in charge of my valet. If you saw him you must see that there is no resemblance."

"It was my maid who was here," replied Miss May in less aggressive tones.

"And Charles said nothing to me of Dick's conduct. If my dog misbehaved, I am very sorry for it. If he was the aggressor today I shall surely take him elsewhere for his airing. He is rather old, and has perhaps become quarrelsome. Ah, see! They have got over their tiff and would be friends!"

Then there was a talk about dogs; then an interchange of identities; then apologies; then the terrier and the poodle frisked and gamboled and agreed this was a good world for dogs.

No, no! Not yet! However, there is hope. Two people on a bench—two dogs gamboling—Cupid hiding behind the big bush! Could the surroundings be more favorable? Does'nt Miss May blush beautifully every morning when the bouquet of roses is handed in?

SAFE MONEY-MAKING SCHEME

Saving a Certain Percentage of Earnings Is Infallible Method of Acquiring Bank Account.

"The large fortunes which are being continually made by successful business men have caused people to wonder what can be the system, if any, by which these men made their money, and if there is any system by which money can be made. Some people, without investigating, say no, while others lose the small amount they may possess in endeavoring to take a short cut to fortune by means of the many money-making schemes which are continually being advertised. But there is a system, and an infallible system, by which nearly every one can make at least a little money. After having studied the whole question of ordinary, every-day finance, I have come to the conclusion that it is the many trifles and unconsidered extravagances which run away with the money of 90 per cent. of the people. Now, if only a portion of the amount thus spent were to be saved and, when it accumulated, as it soon would do, either banked or invested in some sound security, it would be found that this amount, being continually added to in the form of interest and extra savings, would in the end become a sum of great use to its owner. For example, if only one person out of every four in Great Britain worked the above system, and saved an average of $5 each per annum, invested at 2½ per cent., this would give us a yearly total of $50,000,000 capital, with $1,250,000 interest saved and made. This is the only infallible money-making system in existence."—London T. P.'s Weekly.

A Man of Parts.

"Is he dishonest?"

"No, indeed. He has a rare faculty for discriminating between graft and perquisities."

His Business.

"Talking about emergency, I know a man who is always ready at a pinch."

"Who is he?"

"He's a policeman."

Special Sale

WOOLEN COAT SUITS AND SILK DRESSES AT EXACTLY

Half Price!

This Sale includes every WOOLEN COAT SUIT AND SILK DRESS in the house regardless of quality or price. Every conceivable shade imaginable in the season's most advanced styles, embracing Navies, Blacks, Creams, Tans, Grays and Mixed Materials.

Remember the cost is just

One-Half

of the regular price, which means for less than they cost us. None taken or sent on approval.

Agents for Butterick Patterns

Mail Orders Our Specialty.

Ellis, Stone & Co.

The Daylight Store

CONVICTIONS ARE EXPECTED IN OHIO BRIBERY CASES

Special to Telegram.

Columbus, Ohio, June 5.—The State of Ohio now expects to secure conviction in every case of indicted state legislators and will prosecute every one, said Attorney General Timothy S. Shogan tonight, following the confession of State Representative Owen J. Evans, of Stark county, to having solicited a bribe of $100 from L. C. Miller, loan agent of Akron, O., in connection with the salary loan bill recently before the legislature.

Representative Evans had charge of the offices of United States Senator Atlee Pomerene, of Ohio, when he was making the race for the Senate. He has been one of the life long friends of Senator Pomerene and was associated with him in the practice of law at Canton.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, APPLY WITH REFERENCES TO CIRCULATION MANAGER, THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM. tf.

STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule of the North Carolina Public Service Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park.

Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing until 11:10 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 10 minutes after the hour, 10 minutes before the hour and on the half hour.

For White Oak.

Beginning at 6 a. m and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour and the half hour.

For Proximity.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour, at 15 minutes past, half past and 15 minutes before the hour.

For Piedmont.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour.

For Gate City.

Beginning at 5:45 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour on the hour, and 15 minutes after the hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours later than on week days, but otherwise the schedule is the same on Sunday as on the other days of the week.

A Man and His Shoes

should be on pretty good terms since they spend a large part of every twenty-four hours in each others company. Do your shoes treat you well or do they cramp, pinch and torture your feet until you are glad to kick them off at night? If so there is a remedy. Our HANAN SHOES are made on SCIENTIFIC principles and are COMFORTABLE Ask a Hanan wearer. Call in and examine them.

J. M. HENDRIX & CO.

THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

Have You Commenced Saving

The TELEGRAM'S BASE-BALL COUPONS?

You will find elsewhere in this paper a COUPON which when properly filled in and presented at the office of The Greensboro Telegram with 11 other coupons will entitle you to a copy of "FACTS FOR FANS." This is your opportunity to get a complete record of all baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, players' names and most any other information that you desire for all organized leagues.

WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO

Begin with today's Coupon and save a Coupon each day untill you have 12. Present these at the Office or mail them in (when mailing send two cent stamp for postage), and you will receive in return one copy of the little book full of interesting information to you

NORTH STATE CAPITAL NEWS

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 5.—Three teams, representing as many companies in the North Carolina National Guard, did the first preliminary work this afternoon preparatory to the competitive shoot to be held on the Raleigh rifle range, tomorrow, Wednesday and Thursday for the DuFont trophy, awarded sometime ago to the team from Company B, Third infantry, Raleigh. The two other teams are from Asheville and Lumber Bridge and represent both the First and Second regiments. The Raleigh team, when challenged by the two highest teams in the other regiments, accepted the challenge, and Adjustant General Leinster ordered the shoot.

Mrs. M. H. Newsom and family of three sons, and one daughter are ill today from ptomaine poisoning, the result physicians say, of having eaten ice cream Sunday afternoon. The entire family was critically ill last night, but a message from the home late this evening was to the effect that all were doing nicely.

Judge Henry Graves Connor came to Raleigh today from his home at Wilson and opened federal court. No jury cases are to be tried, the business consisting of hearing depositions. The suit of the Ware-Kramer Tobacco Company vs. the American Tobacco Company is set for tomorrow a week. The case will require three weeks.

Charters were issued today as follows:

The Ben-Vonde Company of Charlotte, to carry on the business of cleaning and renovating rugs and household draperies; authorized capital, $50,000, with $5,100 subscribed by J. S. DeVonde, Charlotte; S. E. Messner, Lancaster Pa., and E. W. Bender, Staunton, Va.

Carthage Hardware Company, of Carthage; authorized capital, $25,000, with $3,000 paid in by Jesse Carter, Sr., Jesse Carter, Jr., W. V. Carter, and R. G. Carter.

High Point Manufacturing Company, of High Point, to manufacture products from lumber; authorized capital, $25,000, with $10,000 subscribed by J. J. Jackson, D. M. Pollock, C. A. Shipman.

A. B. Watson Company, of Rowland, Robeson county, to deal in merchandise; authorized capital $25,000, worth $1,500 paid in by Jas. F. Watson, A. B. Watson, and L. H. Watson.

REGULARS ELECT OFEICERS OF THE COTTON EXCHANGE

Keen Fight Between The Regulars And Insurgents Over Officers.

Special to Telegram.

New York, June 5.—There being two tickets in the field the annual election of officers of the cotton exchange today was the keenest in several years. The "regulars" carried their entire ticket by a narrow margin, electing officers and retaining control of the board of managers.

George W. Neville was elected as president with 195 votes over Thomas E. Hicks, who received 164 votes. Edward K. Cone, regular, was elected vice-president over George F. Jones, insurgent, by a majority of only two votes. James F. Maury was re-elected treasurer, being the choice of both factions. The teller completed their count at 9:30 tonight.

The insurgents were comprised mainly of the younger element who urged reform along the lines suggested by the department of labor and commerce. Both sides made an unusual effort to bring out a full vote and when the polls opened thirty brokers were in line waiting to cast their vote.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, APPLY WITH REFERENCES TO CIRCULATION MANAGER, THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM. tf.

AUDITORIUM BUILDING SOLD

Greensboro's huge auditorium was sold yesterday at noon at the courthouse door. Mortgages held on the property were forclosed and both the building and the land at the corner of East Sycamore and South Forbis street went under the auctioneer's hammer. C. C. McLean, acting as the agent of the Auditorium Company, was the only bidder and the property was knocked down to him for $16,000.

The Auditorium Company is now carrying a debt of nearly $22,000. The big building has been sold to the State Fair Association of South Carolina for about $6,000, and the huge structure of steel will soon be moved to Columbia. The land that the building now occupies is excellently situated for residences or stores, and will soon be divided into lots and sold.

For limited time paper for room 14x14, only $2.00. Paris Glass Decorating Co.

LINDLEY PARK OPENS MOST AUSPICIOUSLY

The summer season at Lindley park began last night, the opening being satisfactory to the Public Service Company. The park this year is under the management of Supt. W. L. Frazier of the company's railway, and it has been cleaned up and otherwise improved, making it an ideal spot for recreation after a hot summer day.

From seven hundred to a thousand people were out last night and the bowling alleys were in full swing, while the refreshments booths did fine business. The casino was well patronized the capacity of the building being taxed. Here the Lumlay Stock Company presented a three-act comedy that made a decided hit with the audience. In addition to the comedy the company presented about two thousand feet of moving pictures. The show lasts for about two hours, only one performance being given each night.

The street car service last night was adequate to accomodate the crowd, a ten minute schedule being maintained from 6 o'clock until the last car left the park at 11:10. In addition to the regular cars several trailers were put into service during the rush hours.

The park will be open each night during the summer months. The dancing pavillion is under the direction of F. M. Hood and arrangements are being made to have two or three dances each week.

Women and Society

Mrs. A. W. Fetter laft last night for Baltimore where she will visit her sister for several weeks.

Miss Eunice Donnell is visiting Miss Louise Rankin at her home Northeast of the city.

Miss Kate Vance Tate, who has spent the past winter as a teacher of music in Aiken, S. C., has arrived at home to spend the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tate, on West Sycamore street.

Misses Rosalie Morrison and Pearl Bilbro have gone to Winston-Salem for a visit of a few days with friends.

Mrs. B. J. Campbell has gone to visit relatives in Philadelphia.

Miss Ethel Troy, who has been teaching in the State School for the Blind in Raleigh, has returned to her home in this city.

Miss Lottie Denny, formerly a teacher in the art department of the city schools, leaves today for a visit to New York City.

Mrs. A. N. Perkins and children, Miss Irene and Master Aubrey Perkins, who have been at the Central with Mr. Perkins since last fall, left several days ago for Greensboro, their home, where they will spend the summer. They return to Charlotte in September. Accompanying them was Mr. Perkins' niece from Colorado, who had been visiting her.—Charlotte News.

Miss Mary Swift of this city is visiting friends at Tar River.

Miss Anna Martin, of Durham, is in the city the guest of Mrs. C. P. Harrington on Asheboro street.

Miss Irene Hodgin returned to the city Saturday from Charlotte for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hodgin.

Miss Inez Albright, of Graham, spent Sunday visiting Mrs. H. W. Furlow.

Mrs. R. L. Justice and children are visiting relatives in Tennessee.

Miss Lucile Parker returned yesterday from a visit to friends in Mt. Airy.

Miss Margaret Herring, of Shreveport, La., is visiting at the home of S. T. Hobbs, Tate street.

The Ladie's Aid Society of Mt. Pleasant church, near McLeansville, will give a lawn party Tuesday evening, June 6th beginning at 5 o'clock.

Runaway Marriage.

Charles G. Pond and Miss Alma Lutton, of Crews, Va., were married yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the home of Rev. Melton Clark. The contracting parties were a runaway couple. They left their home Sunday night, accompanied by a friend, J. A. Harper, and arrived in Greensboro early in the morning and proceeded immediately to the home of the minister where the ceremony was performed.

It seems that there was parental objection to the match and the sweethearts were forced to steal away from home at night. The happy couple remained in the city for only a short while and then returned home hoping to receive parental forgiveness and blessings. The groom is an engineer on the Norfolk and Western railway and the younw bride is a lovable and attractive belle of Crews, Va.

B. Y. P. U. Meeting.

The Baptist Young People's Union of the First Baptist church will hold an important meting this evening at 8:00 o'clock with Miss Jessie Lindley, 305 West Washington street. All members are repuested to attend.

Lawn Party This Evening.

This evening at Fisher Park the ladies of North and South Park Drive will give a lawn party for the benefit of Fisher Park. This pleasure resort is rapidly growing in popularity and the ladies living in that section hope to raise funds sufficient to put in some needed improvements. The public is cordially invited to attend the lawn party and help the laries in their undertaking.

Philatheas Elect Officers.

The regular business meeting of the Philathea class of the Asheboro Street Baptist church was held last evening at which time the officers for the ensuing years were elected as follows:

President, Mrs. Ruby Walker.
Vice-President, Miss Essie Cheek.
Secretary, Miss Martha Johnson.
Treasurer, Miss Lucy Fruit.
Press Reparter, Miss Mary Morrisette.

We do anything from Polishing floors to frescoing a ceiling. Paris Glass Decorating Co.

Music Recital.

Miss Sallie Embrey's music class will give a recital tonight, at 8:15 at her home on Arlington street. Friends invited.

For limited time paper for room 14x14, only $2.00. Paris Glass Decorating Co.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. T. Pannill, an attorney of Reidsville, is in the city on business for a few days.

W. B. Phillips, who graduated from Annapolis Naval Academy at the recent commencement, is expected to arrive in the city today for a visit with his mother before undertaking his command on shipboard.

Manager E. C. Deal of the N. C. Public Service Company, was in the city Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, who have been making their home in this city, have gone to their home in Elkin.

S. L. Alderman was a business visitor to High Point yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Watkins and little son returned yesterday from a visit to relatives in New Bern.

A. C. Saunders will leave tonight for Williamsbury, Va., where on June 7 he will be married to Miss Estelle Barbour. He will be accompanied by A. M. Riddick, who will serve as best man at the wedding.

E. G. Sherrill, of Washington city, is spending a few days in Greensboro visiting his family.

J. A. Odell left yesterday for White Sulphur Springs at Mt. Airy to overlook his cottage now in course of construcion there which he will occupy during the summer vacation.

Rev. E. S. Crosland, of Winston-Salem, will deliver his illustrated lecture at the Moravian church here soon. It is entitled, "Rambles in Sunny Italy."

Prof. J. A. Matheson will leave this morning for Raleigh to attend a conference of institute conductors. Prof. Matheson will assist in the institute work during the summer months.

Mr. W. P. Reaves has returned from Atlantic City where he attended the meeting of the American Ear and Nose Society.

C. S. Paris spent yesterday in High Point. While there he closed a deal to decorate the Elwood Hotel.

WANTED AT ONCE—2 GOOD SOLICITORS, APPLY WITH REFERENCES TO CIRCULATION MANAGER, THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM. tf.

Wanted at Once—Two decorators. First-class men only need apply. Paris-Glass Decorating Company.

Piano Recital.

The annual recital given by the pupils of Miss Florence Hunt will occur Friday evening in the Smith Memorial building. The public is cordially invited.

. . . HUNT'S . . . **LIGHTNING OIL**

is the one unfailing scientific dressing which instantly relieves and permanently cures all hurts, cuts, burns, bruises, sprains and wounds of every kind. Pain leaves at once because the air is excluded, and the Oil covering acts as artificial skin. The quickest, fastest healing oil known—HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL. 25 cents and 50 cents bottles.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Sherman, Texas

Sold By Grissom-Sykes Drug Co.

For limited time paper for room 14x14, only $2.00. Paris Glass Decorating Co.

The price goes down ten cents every day, except Sunday, and the price is very low to begin with.

Have you looked at our Shoe Window lately?

We are trying a new plan for disposing of odd pairs, sample shoes and broken lots.

They are placed in the window marked in plain figures at a reduced price, and the price is still further reduced TEN CENTS EVERY DAY until the shoes are sold.

Last week a pair of Men's Four Dollar Oxfords went down to $1.50 before they were sold; a $3.50 pair was taken

at two dollars; one three dollar pair went at $1.30. Another $3.00 pair at $1.05, and so on.

Keep an eye on the window and don't wait too long or the other fellow will get the pair YOU WANT.

Thacker & Brockmann

BIGGS ANTIQUE CO.

317 North Elm Street

Only 3 Days More

Rather than pack and ship this handsome

Mahogany Furniture

will sell at sacrifice.

Remember Only 3 Days

OPEN EVENINGS

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

WEATHER FORECAST.

North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgit—Unsettled.

Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair.

Western half of cotton belt, generally fair; not much change in temperatures.

COTTON LETTER TO J. E. LATHAM.

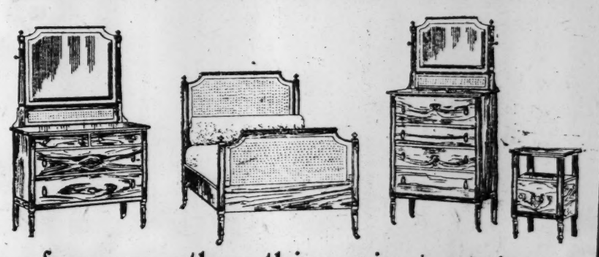
New Orleans, La., June 5.—There were no general rains in the belt over Sunday, localities in the lower central belt had thundershowers and these occurred at more places in the Atlantics, particularly in Georgia and Florida but there was no precipitation to speak of in the Western half of the belt and temperatures are high everywhere. The map indicates generally fair weather except passing thunderclouds which may give showers in some localities, particularly in the Eastern states but no reliable general rain developments are yet shown. The long range forecast for the week from Washington says generally fair weather continued warm, except occasional thundershowers along the Middle and East Gulf Coast. Texas correspondence report quite generally that rain is badly needed, crop not advancing and still quite small over most of North Texas. Official records showed an average of 100 degrees yesterday for the districts of Atlanta and Augusta and an average for the belt of 97 against 88 last year. In the Augusta district five of eleven government stations record a rainfall average .70; three out of twelve in the Mobile district received rainfall averaging .80. Allendale, S. C., received 1.20 and Oklahoma, Mississippi 1.40. Elsewhere the rainfall was unimportant.

The market opened about 15 higher on new new crops and displayed a firm undertone. Nervous covering by new crops shorts, largely straddled shorts, pushed October as high as 13.34. The absence of general rains, anticipation of an unfavorable weekly weather report tomorrow and the official Washington forecast of generally fair weather for the belt were the principal stimulants to buying.

Hayward & Clark.

Our Louis the XIV Distinct Pattern

In Bedroom Furniture

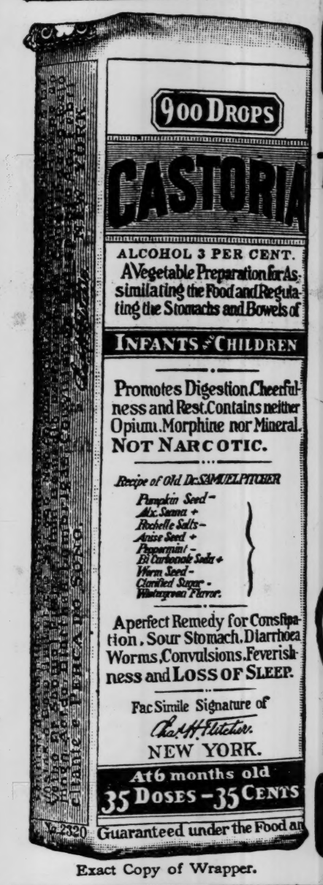


this suit is very graceful, and carries with it **fine taste and character.** We would like to have you call and and see our stock of many other things just as handsome and attractive. We save hundreds of dollars in rent owning our own store, and can save you from twenty to thirty per cent.

120-122-124 East Market Street

C. O. FORBIS

BELOW POST OFFICE.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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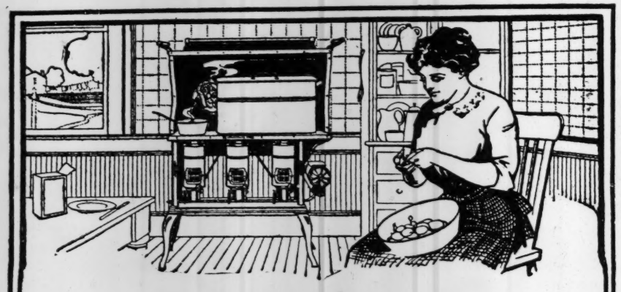
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



The Modern Wash-day

Time was when The Wash was a weekly nightmare, wash-day dinner a by-word.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-stove has changed all that. Once the wash-boiler is on the stove, it leaves you free to attend to the dinner or any other work.

You can move a New Perfection where you please and light it in a moment. It requires no attention after that. A single gallon of oil lasts all three burners seven hours or more. No coal or wood to carry; no fire to feed; no soot nor ashes. It keeps a kitchen or laundry cool and clean. It cooks to perfection, with the least trouble and expense.

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners, with long, turquoise blue enameled chimneys. Handsomely finished throughout. The 2- and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without a cabinet top, which is fitted with drop shelves, towel racks, etc.

Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

The Tenderfoot Farmer

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds *himself* regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak" the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

PHOENIX CAFE

The Best Place to Eat
ALL THE TIME

WE CATER TO PARTICULAR PEOPLE

Bright—Clean—Cool

356 S. Elm Street JOHN D. GALLINS, Prop.

A Little Telegram Want Ad will Get Results. Try One.

PICKING RUNNING MATE FOR TAFT

President's Renomination Considered Certain.

"SUNNY JIM" NOT MENTIONED

Latest Gossip Gives Second Place on Republican National Ticket to New Secretary of War—John Hays Hammond Also Suggested—Taft Said to Favor Senator Cummins.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, June 5.—(Special)—Making stabs at finding a vice presidential candidate to go on the ticket with President Taft is now a part of the pastime of those who have most of the other great questions of the country settled and who have been mercifully spared from an invasion of Mexico by the United States troops.

No one can say just how it happens, but "Sunny Jim" seems to be entirely ignored. More than that, it is proposed to make Secretary Stimson, the newest member of the Taft cabinet, a vice presidential candidate. Then there is John Hays Hammond, perpetual candidate for something big.

The fact that Taft seems to be assured of a renomination makes the selection of the vice presidential candidate the only interesting feature of national politics on the Republican side. The rumor that Taft intended to draft Cummins as a running mate in order to satisfy the progressives is another hot weather story.

Often Stands Alone.

Congressman McCall of Massachusetts shows that he is not a hidebound partisan when he introduces a resolution declaring that it is the duty of the United States to grant independence to the Filipinos. Here is an opportunity for the Democrats in the house to take up a measure they believe in and which is proposed by a Republican.

McCall has often shown his independence. He has often stood alone or with so very few supporters on his side as to make him conspicuous. He never believed in the five to four decision of the supreme court regarding the island possessions, nor did he believe in many other things which were done by his party.

By vote and voice he made his protest to many things which Tom Reed did not like, but Reed retired from public life rather than split with his party on issues growing out of the Spanish war.

Much Information.

In all future discussions of the recall, the initiative and referendum as well as other advanced theories of government the debates on the constitutions of New Mexico and Arizona will furnish a great deal of information. The men who took part in the discussion showed a great deal of research and presented many facts and strong arguments in support of the position they took on these questions.

Suggests Spreading.

"The president ought to spread his cabinet over a wider area and get his administration in touch with more states," remarked a Republican who was pointing out that six cabinet officers come from three states. It was his theory that by having nine states represented in the cabinet the president would have a broader view of the whole area of the country.

"Great Cry, Little Wool."

If there is a split in the Democratic party it will be on account of wool and the tariff. I do not know just why it is that free wool has become such a cardinal principle of many Democrats, unless it be that former Senator Aldrich said that the woolen schedule was the "citadel of protection," and the late Senator Dolliver proved it by showing the long standing and steadfast bond between the "weavers and the shepherds," meaning the manufacturers and the woolgrowers, by which a tariff on wool has been maintained for so many years.

The fact that a Democratic majority in the house proposes to retain a duty on raw wool is regarded as rank heresy by the old line and old time Democrats, who point out that every Democratic tariff bill has had free wool in it, save Bill Morrison's horizontal reduction measure.

Bristow's Record.

Fighting the French spoliation claims last winter, Senator Bristow made the long distance talking record in the senate. The other day he drove a golf ball 375 yards. The Kansas senator not only stands for the statement, but he is backed up by Senator Brown of Nebraska, who is also a devotee of the great Scotch game.

On the Old Homestead.

Senator Nelson has many characteristics that make him entirely different from other men. Here is one: "I am living on the homestead that I located on back in 1871," he told the senate finance committee. "I have always lived there, and my present home is within eight rods of where my first claim shanty stood. I have been farming right there ever since."

The Minnesota senator was making an appeal to the committee to restore some of the protection to the farm that is proposed to be taken away in the reciprocity bill and offered amendments to that effect. There is no other senator who has lived on the same homestead and farmed for forty years.

CROSS, SICK CHILDREN WILL TAKE 'CASCARETS'

It is Cruel and Needless to force a Feverish, Irritable Child to Take a Nauseating Dose of Oil.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the physic that mother insisted on once in a while—castor oil, salts or cathartics. How you hated them. How you fought against taking them. How you dreaded their after-effects. That was all wrong, but then nobody knew better.

With our children it's different. They belong to the day of the gentle in medicine. The day of harsh physics is over. We don't force the bowels now; we coax them. We have no dreaded after-effects. And the dose is a candy tablet.

Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't know what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender bowels are harmed by them. The modern way is to give a gentle laxative, and to give it more frequently. To keep the bowels always active. The best method is Cascarets. One-half a tablet, as often as needed, does more than anything else to keep a child well. Keep a 10 cent box at home always. They are best for mama and daddy, too.

NEGRO CHARGED WITH HIGHWAY ROBBERY IN COURT

There were only three cases on the docket of municipal court at the regular session yesterday morning. Judgment was finally delivered in the case against the Southern railway for blocking Sergeant street longer than the prescribed limit, and a fine of $10 and costs was imposed for the offense.

John Lee, a negro well known in police circles, was arraigned on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. Offiers found him acting rather suspiciously and on being searched revealed a razor and several other common and indispensable articles of negro warfare. He plead guilty to the charge and on the testimony of the policemen His Honor decided that John's too familiar face should not appear in court for a short time at least. Accordingly the offender was given three months of hard labor on the streets of the city.

The most important case was that against John Young, colored, on two charges. Officers Causey and McCuiston went to arrest the negro Sunday morning on a warrant charging him with highway robbery. John took offense at such an insult and objected to the company offered him. When the pleasure of his attendance was insisted upon he became boisterous and considerable force and a pair of hand-cuffs were required to insure a peaceful journey. At the trial it was shown that Saturday night about 11 a'clock he had "held-up" another negro, Archie Moore, on Reid street and relieved him of a watch, some papers, and $1.90 in change. Moore positively identified his assailant and recognized an unusual copper coin that had been taken from him and was found when the policemen searched Young. For resisting arrest the negro was sentenced to be confined in the city jail and assigned to work for three months on the city streets. The charge of highway robbery is a serious one and John was bound over to the Superior court under a bond of $250.

Another warrant charging the same offense was issued for the negro yesterday. Sidney Carter swore that Young attempted to rob him also Saturday night but the would-be victim fled and escaped. Another negro also charged that the same offense was attempted on him but no warrant was issued in this case. It is thought that the State has a strong case against Young and he will in all probability be convicted by the higher court.

HUNTINGTON WILSON.

Assistant Secretary of State Mentioned For Diplomatic Post.

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EPISCOPAL CLERGY AND LAYMEN MEET IN CONFERENCE

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, June 5.—For the second annual St. Mary's Conference at St. Mary's School by the Episcopal clergy and invited laymen of North and South Carolina, June 5 to 10 a program of exceptional interest has been perfected by President George W. Lay, of St. Mary's whose happy thought it was to establish the practice of holding these annual conferences that promise so much in furtherence of the work of the church. The series of addresses by Rev. Lewellyn N. Caley, rector of the Church of St. Judge and The Nativity, Philadelphia, on The Sunday School, one on each of the four days of the conference, will be: The Purpose and Importance of the Sunday School; Personality and Practice of the teacher; The Process of the Growth of the Scholar; Preparation and Presentation of the Lesson.

Each day at noon there will be an address by Mr. Eugene Camp, of New York, president of the Seabaury Society. His theme from day to day will be: A Survey of Christian Missions; The churches' Missionary Tasks and Progress—Receipts and Expenditures; The Churches and World Peace; The Church and Social Service; The Steam Locomotive In the Scrap Heap, or Missionary Methods Comparable with the Electric Mogul.

Another series of addresses, one each day, will be Rev. J. F. Mallett, PhD., Rector of St. Luke's Church, Salisbury on Present Day Problems Confronting the Church. In their order they will be: The Good Time Coming or Social Conditions Today: An Open Door, or Filling the ranks of the Ministry; Reaching and Teaching The Boys; The Church and the Masses.

For the night sessions of the conference special addresses have been arranged. In their order they are: The church of England In The American Colonies, by Rev. L. N. Caley; Christian Education, by Rev. W. S. Clairbon, of the University of the South Sewanee, Tenn.; The Episcopal Church in The United States, by Rev. L. N. Caley; Work Among the Mill People, by Rev. C. P. Wilcox, Mayodan. The addresses by Rev. Caley and Mr. Wilcox will be illustrated by stereoptican views.

FINLEY URGES IMPORTANCE OF DAIRYING

Special to Telegram.

Washington, D. C., June 5.—"There is no branch of agriculture that is more needed in the South than dairying. It is not only a profitable industry in itself, but it may be made the measure of increasing the production of the soil and promoting a better type of agriculture."

The above paragraph is quoted from a paper on "Why Dairying is Undeveloped in the South," written by Dr. B. H. Rawl, formerly of South Carolina, now Chief of the Dairy Division in the United States Agricultural Department.

One of the most important requisites to the success of any business enterprise is the certainty of a market for its products. There is an assured market for all the dairy products that can be produced in the Southeastern States. Statistics compiled by the United States Agricultural Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1906, show that in that year thirty-eight cities in the Southeastern States consumed 14,905,151 pounds of creamery butter. In the same year the States in which these cities are located produced only 677,849 pounds of creamery butter, the remaining 14,227,302 pounds being shipped into the South from the North and West, at an estimated cost of $4,765,000. In the same year the same cities consumed approximately 2,000,000 pounds of Northern and Western renovated butter, costing about $500,000; 2,600,000 pounds of Northern and Western oleomargarine, costing about $520,000; 32,500,000 pounds of cheese costing about $4,700,000; and 22,000,000 pounds of condensed milk, costing about $2,200,000. To supply these thirty-eight cities, representing but a fraction of the consumption of dairy products in the Southern States, involved the sending out of our section of at least $12,685,000. There has been some increase in production since 1906, but consumption is also increasing with the rapid growth of our Southern cities and towns, and it is safe to say that the amount of dairy products shipped into the Southern States annually is at least as great as in the year mentioned, and that Southern farmers can, therefore, rely upon their home markets for the consumption of their output of dairy products for many years to come. When their home markets have been fully supplied the constantly growing demand of the densely populated Northeastern section of the country will enable them still further to expand their production. The cities of the Northeastern section are constantly drawing dairy products from greater distances and their markets will afford the great opportunity of the future for the Southern dairyman.

Considering these market opportunities in connection with the peculiar advantages of the Southeastern States for dairy farming, growing out of the mildness of climate and the length of the grazing seasons, I believe that it will be profitable for our Southern farmers to devote more attention to this industry. In the report to which I have referred, Dr. Rawl says:

"There are hundreds of farmers throughout the South, each of whom could add a 15-cow dairy to his farm, and could, besides, in a short while, easily produce more of other crops than he is producing at present. Dairying is undeveloped in the Southern States, largely because the farmers of that section do not understand how to make it profitable."

It is not the purpose of this letter to given detailed advice as the management of a dairy, or of a dairy herd in connection with general farming, but rather to call attention to the opportunities in this direction in a broad way, and to suggest to each farmer that he should give careful consideration to the extent to which it may be profitable for him to carry on this business. The man embarking upon it should make a thorough study of all the details of the business, including the selection of the animals to constitute his herd, the character of feed, proper herd management, the proper handling and marketing of dairy products, suitable cropping systems, effective methods of caring for and applying manure, and all other like factors of importance.

One of the essentials of profitable dairying is the self-evident proposition that the dairy herd must be made up of good animals. Dr. A. D. Melvin, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry in the United States Department of Agriculture, has said that "the low average production of the dairy cows of the United States is a condition that does more than any other one thing to prevent development and to render dairying unprofitable." The experience of practical dairymen and careful experiments that have been conducted demonstrate that with good cows and good management, dairy farming is one of the most profitable types of stock farming; and with poor cows and indifferent management, there is no money in dairying. Some interesting investigations made by the agricultural experiment station of the University of Tennessee, the results of which were published in March, 1909, emphasized the importance of good cows. It was shown that there is a vast difference in animals kept and fed under similar conditions. In these investigations individual records for a year were kept of the cows in twelve herds. The best of these cows showed a net profit of $86.32, while the poorest showed a loss of $4.55.

If the productivity of the soils of the South is to be maintained and increased, they must have more manure, and the farmers of the South must produce it. Experts in soil chemistry advise that if the best results are to be obtained from commercial fertilizers they should be used in combination with manure and that, under some conditions, larger amounts of commercial fertilizer can be used advantageously in combination with manure than if used alone. No other animal will produce manure more profitable than a good dairy cow.

As dairying is developed throughout the South, the establishment of creameries and cheese factories will doubtless be found to be desirable, but it will generally be a mistake to locate a creamery or a cheese factory in any locality in advance of the assurance of an adequate supply of milk and cream.

Believing that the development of Southern agriculture will be beneficial to the territory traversed by its lines, it is the policy of the management of the Southern Railway Company to do all that it properly can to bring about this result. It is the purpose of the management to employ a highly qualified expert dairyman, who will seek to encourage that industry by the dissemination of information, and by giving practical advice on matters relating to it. In this work it is the purpose of the Company to co-operate with the State authorities and the United States Agricultural Department.

W. W. FINLEY,
President.

The Commercial National Bank

Greensboro, N. C.

Capital and Undivided Profits, $220,000.00

F. B. RICKS, President. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.
E. J. Stafford, Vice President. I. F. PEEBLES, Asst. Cashier.

We solicit accounts from individuals, firms and corporations, issue Certificates of Deposit and sell Foreign Exchange.

4 Per Cent. Paid on Savings Deposits.

BE ON THE SAFE SIDE

Daniel S. Remsen, of the New York bar, in a public address said: "In the preparation of no legal document is the inaccurate use or location of a word or phrase more serious than in a will."

If you name The Greensboro Loan and Trust Co. as executor of your estate we will furnish the lawyer, who in connection with your lawyer will write the will as it should be written. And it will cost you nothing.

THE GREEESBORO LOAN & TRUST CO.

J. W. FRY, President. W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK

CAPITAL $300,000.00

A Bank Account

Promotes credit, establishes responsibility and results in security.

One Dollar

will do for a beginning.

Start an account today.

4% INTEREST ON SAVINGS

HELPS RAISE FUND FOR SUFFRAGETTE CAMPAIGN

Despite rumors that suffragettes are at odds with each other in regard to who shall be the national leader of the various factions and have the ultimate honor of the victory of "votes for women" which they expect is near at hand, it is stated on authority that a fund has been raised by the joint efforts of all branches of the movement sufficient to carry on a campaign equal to any ever essayed by either of the great national parties in the United States.

Mrs. Clarence Mackey, aided by Mrs. Lydia Pankhurst, is said to have raised the money. It is planned to carry the suffragette argument into the national legislature and in the next presidential campaign the women hope to be as great a factor in the war of votes as either the Democrats or the Republicans.

Where the great amount of money came from and by whose individual efforts it was subscribed is held a secret by the leaders of the votes-for-women movement. However, it is declared that many male citizens are financially interested in the outcome of the women's contest.

The announcement of the great campaign fund now on hand is looked on with all the more wonder in view of the pledge that Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, one of the most ardent and most affluent suffragettes, has exacted of those who have engaged in the movement with her.

The women vote seekers were compelled to promise that they would not give money to any other cause until women in the state of New York had been enfranchised.

Mrs. Belmont and Mrs. Mackay have been friendly rivals for the leadership in the eastern suffrage movement. It has been reported that each have curtailed their expenditures for dress and social entertainment so that their allowances might be more fully applied to the cause in which they are interested.

Penslar REMEDIES

Gardner's

FREE BOOK

For Every Living Thing on the Farm
Humphreys' Veterinary Specifics.

500 Page Book free, on the Treatment and Care of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry, also Stable Chart to hang up, mailed free.

LIST OF SPECIFICS.

A. A. For FEVERS, Milk Fever, Lung Fever.
B. B. For SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. For SORE Throat, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. For WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. For COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. For COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. For KIDNEY and Bladder disorders.
I. I. For SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions.
J. K. For BAD CONDITION, Indigestion.

At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. 60 cts. each.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corne William and Ann Streets, New York.

Having purchased the
HUDSON MEAT MARKET
At 703 S. Elm Street
on the 15th day of May, I hope to serve my old customers, as well as his at the above number, with the best of all

FRESH MEATS
TO BE HAD
Call PHONE 40
M. S. Jeffreys
MEAT MARKET.

I have sold out my old stand and am now on the corner of Washington and Davie streets with a good line of new and second hand Cycles and Guns, Locks, Trunks, Keys and other repairs at right prices also.

F. A. Dorsett Bro & Co

W. H. DORSETT.
THE YELLOW FRONT.
230 South Davie Street.
New and second hand cycles and all kinds of repairs, keys, trunks, locks, baby carriages, lawn mowers, umbrellas repaired and recovered, and other repairs. Phone 476.

Orange Made an Orchard.

The inhabitants of the coast town of Almeria in southern Spain have been enjoying themselves hugely of late at the expense of a woman who has been involved in a law suit as a result of her illegible writing. She sent a letter to a fruit grower in the country, asking him, at his earliest convenience, to forward by train to her address one thousand naranjas (oranges). The person to whom the letter was addressed construed the badly written order as being one for a thousand naranjos (orange trees). Imagine the surprise and feelings of the fair Almerian when twenty heavily laden wagons stopped next morning at her front door, each one filled with young orange trees, all ready for planting. She refused to pay for them because she said it wasn't her fault if the man was unable to read. The merchant, on the other hand, declared it was her duty to pay, as he wasn't to blame if customers couldn't write legibly. Experience is a dear school, but that signora learned what a big difference one little letter may make in a word.

GOVERNOR JUDSON HARMON OF OHIO

By A. V. ABERNETHY

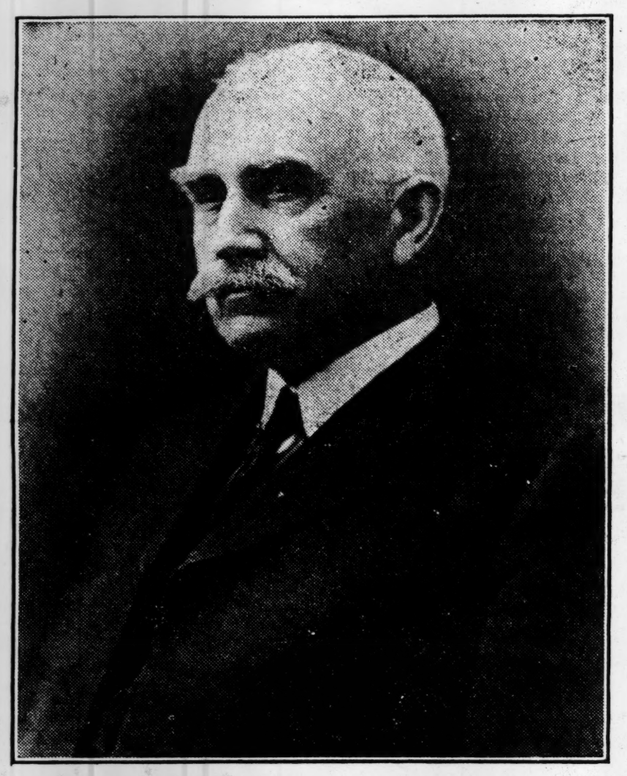
COLUMBUS, O.—[Special.]—When the bribery charges against members of the Ohio general assembly exploded with the suddenness and force of a bomb and sent scores on a hunt for lawyers Governor Judson Harmon took the same view of the personality of guilt that he did when he reported to President Roosevelt that Paul Morton, a member of his cabinet, had been guilty of granting rebates while an officer of the Santa Fe railroad. "Guilt is always personal," said Harmon to Roosevelt, and he resigned his commission to investigate rebating because Teddy was inclined to shield Morton.

A few hours after the bribery charges were filed the Ohio executive sent out an order that no man should be spared in the legislative boodling investigation. Party and even personal friendships must be set aside, the governor said, and the entire situation cleaned up.

Throughout nineteen years of continuous control Republican state administrations, when charges of irregularities were made involving members of their party, assumed the attitude, "They are our thieves, and we must defend them." There is an Ohio statute which grants immunity to every citizens had been demanding and pleading for in vain for decades.

The supremely important achievements of the Ohio Democracy under the leadership of Governor Harmon may be divided into transactions and legislations, first, for the elimination of graft; second, such reform in the tax system as will protect the taxpayer from the tax spender and will compel corporations to stop dodging taxes and pay along with all individual property owners; third, the application of business methods and economy in public expenditures, and, fourth, the enactment of purely nonpartisan laws for the benefit of the entire people, irrespective of political parties, and designed to make rule by interest seeking corporations extremely difficult and rule by the people easy.

After he became governor two years ago Mr. Harmon quietly began his investigation of the methods by which public money had been loaned by Republican state treasurers. He learned they put interest earnings in their pockets. There followed in rapid order suits against the estate and bondsmen of W. S. McKinnon, former state treasurer, for $116,785 and interest thereon; against former State Treasurer I. B. Cameron and his bondsmen for $211,721 and interest thereon. They were



HON. JUDSON HARMON, GOVERNOR OF OHIO.

one who testifies before a legislative committee, and this law, together with a whitewash brush, had prevented any Republican law violator from being haled before a court of justice.

Naturally there was a great rush by distraught members for legislative immunity. But Governor Harmon promptly pulled the plug of the immunity bathtub and prevented any one bathing in its soothing waters by insisting that no legislative investigating committee be appointed and that the inquest of the grand jury be the only probe.

Indictments were returned against seven members of the general assembly and the sergeant-at-arms of the senate, and these cases will take the same course as that of the most humble citizen who becomes involved in criminal charges. A coterie of Democrats who had been fighting the governor's bills were among the members indicted.

In less than three years of his administration Governor Harmon has made a record of accomplishment unparalleled in the history of Ohio politics. He has wrought more progress for the people than was accomplished in the forty years that preceded him. There has been written into the statutes legislation that the enlightened Republicans. Another graft investigation brought forth the exposure, prosecution and conviction of Mark Slater, former Republican state printer, on graft charges in lesser degrees; the settlement of an interest claim of over $5,700 on funds carried in the bank for former Republican State Auditor Walter D. Guilbert and the filing of a claim for over $31,000 with the receiver of a defunct bank at Columbus as an interest charge on funds carried in that bank by Mr. Guilbert as auditor.

These revelations during the governor's first term awakened the civic conscience and paved the way for his subsequent re-election. The Democrats captured the general assembly at the same time.

Then Governor Harmon renewed his efforts in behalf of certain bills two Republican general assemblies denied him.

The most notable achievement accomplished by the executive during the legislative session was the enactment of the Wyman bill, including the Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators.

A conference committee was appointed to frame a compromise senatorial nomination and election bill. "I would vote for a Republican for United States senator if the people by their votes declared for a Republican," the governor told this committee during the conference. "I would be proud to do it. I would simply be doing the will of the people." One of the committee suggested the Oregon plan was undemocratic. The executive replied, "It's the very essence of Democracy to put the government back into the hands of the people and let them say whom they want for United States senator."

Governor Harmon took a new tack and had a similar measure offered in the house, the Wyman bill. That body passed it and sent it to the senate, where the governor finally got sufficient Republican votes to save it.

Ohioans had demonstrations recently that their judiciary, one of the most sacred institutions of a free government, had been invaded by party bosses in their inordinate thirst for power. Instead of being places where the people could turn to invoke the penalties of the criminal statutes on those who had offended certain courts were being used, in cases where men of vast political power were concerned, to shield violators from the vengeance of the law.

But the general assembly took a long step forward from boss domination of the courts by enacting a bill providing in the future that all Ohio judges, from the dignified gowned justices of the supreme court down to the humble laymen who sit as justices of the peace, shall be elected on tickets absolutely free from party emblem or device. Nominations may be made by conventions, but the power of bosses to control nominations was broken by a clause in the bill which says that nominations may be made by petitions. There is not another such law in the United States.

Ohio has been hampered by the crude, unwieldy machinery of a constitution which was adopted in 1851, and the subject of making a new organic law is the biggest and most important proposition that has come before a Buckeye general assembly in many years. Selfish hands were being outstretched to get control of the constitutional convention to be held in 1912 when Governor Harmon took charge of the arrangements for it and succeeded in getting through the general assembly a bill which will remove the delegates from political influence and make them responsible to the people only. So well did he manage the campaign that Ohio will set a precedent for all other states to follow when they come to rewrite their organic laws.

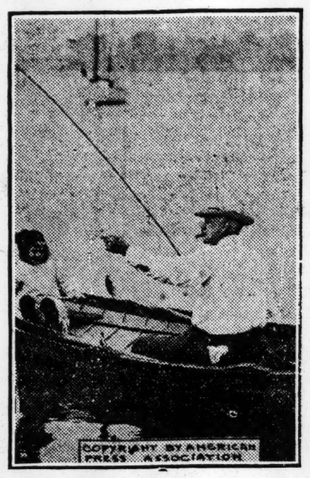
Nominations of delegates will be made by petition only, and nominees will be elected on ballots absolutely free from party device or emblem or any form of party designation. The liquor question, which has been a sore spot in Ohio for sixty years, will be finally settled when the new constitution is adopted.

The state when Governor Harmon grasped the reins of government had nineteen penal, reformatory and benevolent institutions, with the responsibility of governing them divided among nineteen separate boards of trustees, three members to a board. They were so conducted as to secure neither economy nor best results.

These trusteeships, all honorable positions and eagerly sought after, had been used as a sort of currency to purchase nominations and to repay the boys who had delivered votes in conventions. The trustees appointed superintendents and all subordinates, and these combined to furnish the dynamic power for the steam roller which the late Mark Hanna and Boss George B. Cox used to crush the life out of rebellions against the rule of the G. O. P. machine.

Governor Harmon's idea was that "the establishments which a Christian state maintains for charity are sacred and that every selfish purpose should perish at their doors."

Acting on this principle, the governor framed and forced through the general assembly a bill placing all employees of the institutions ranking below superintendent under civil service rules The nineteen separate boards of trustees and nineteen stewards under this law were legislated out of office, and the duties of the fifty-seven trustees



GOVERNOR HARMON CATCHES FISH AS WELL AS VOTES.

were placed in a single board of four, while a single fiscal agent replaced the nineteen stewards.

The advantage of purchasing supplies for all institutions in bulk and the reduction in employees will save the state $500,000 a year. This law makes it possible to utilize the work of prisoners and also creates a market for their manufactured products by compelling all Ohio political divisions to purchase such supplies as they need from the penal institutions.

Employers and employees locked in a struggle over a workingmen's compensation act, and when it seemed there would be no bill passed Governor Harmon stepped in and acted as arbitrator. A bill was framed and drafted that has been approved by both employees and employers.

The compulsory provisions which made the New York act unconstitutional were not incorporated into the Ohio act. Instead the employer could elect either to pay into the compensation fund or not to pay. If he should not avail himself of the law, however, the employee may sue for damages for injuries, or his legal representative in case of death may maintain the action. And in such suits the employer is deprived of the common law defenses of fellow servant rule, assumed risk and contributory negligence.

The employee cannot resort to the courts for damages when injured in the factory of a corporation which pays into the state compensation fund except when the injury is caused by the disregard of a law, ordinance or order issued by an authorized public officer providing for the protection of employees or by the willful wrong of an employer, his officer or agents.

The employer contributes 90 per cent of the compensation fund and the employees 10 per cent. Awards range from $3,400 to $1,500 and are graded on the scale of wages paid employees.

The taxing laws of the state were a joke when Mr. Harmon was inducted into office and the taxpayers had no means to check extravagance of their public officers. These men decided on the amount of money they were going to spend in a year and then made a levy to produce that amount Taxpayers could do nothing but pay.

"The authority which demands must be curbed," said the executive in a message to the general assembly. That body obeyed and passed the Smith bill which limited the maximum tax rate that could be levied by public officers in each district to 1 per cent of tax duplicates. That was sufficient, the governor held, for an economical administration. If more money were needed there was incorporated in the Smith bill a provision for a referendum vote on a higher rate.

There were a large number of taxing boards composed of various state officers with jurisdiction over excise and other corporate taxation, but different boards were made up of different officers so that there could be no uniform and consistent action. Auditors in eighty-eight Ohio counties had nearly eighty-eight different rules of appraising property, with the result that no one got a square deal.

Governor Harmon had a bill drafted to abolish all these boards and to place the entire taxing machinery of the commonwealth in the hands of a single state commission of three members. Other new tax laws make it possible to chase out of hiding millions of dollars of property and also strengthen and broaden the inquisitorial powers of the state tax commission.

Ohioans expected big things from Judson Harmon when they elected him their governor. The achievements of the Democratic general assembly show the expectations of the people have been realized. He had been a leading attorney for years, but a search of his record disclosed Harmon, while he had corporations among his clients, had never given his talents to appear in a court suit against the people. As an attorney general of the United States he had proved to be a friend of the people, fighting through court cases which established the foundation of all jurisprudence on the anti-trust subject. In private life he was recognized as one of the ablest lawyers in Ohio.

In February, 1910, ten months before the state election in Ohio, when Judson Harmon would go before the people for re-election, Ohio Republicans by order of President Taft held a harmony meeting in Dayton. The Republicans at Dayton did not talk of helping President Taft or of restoring the Republican party; they talked about the chance of defeating Governor Harmon, and they did not talk hopefully. Unconsciously they paid a patent tribute to the real strength of the man. It suddenly revealed the tremendous success of Governor Harmon and his complete mastery of the political situation in Ohio. The plan of opposition outlined in Dayton has never ceased. No governor has ever been opposed by so strong a force as Governor Harmon.

During his first term of two years a Republican general assembly to discredit him reduced the treasury balance $2,652,858.68 by making appropriations exceed revenues and also created obligations amounting to $2,000,000 more by deciding to build new structures for state institutions. When the revenues were reduced $500,000 a year by voting out saloons and several hundred thousands of dollars were added to the wrong column by the abolishment of prison labor contracts Harmon's arms were apparently tied, and his enemies laughed at his discomfort.

The governor promptly reduced public expenditures. Then, instead of a general levy, the proper enforcement of the excise laws provided $500,000 additional every year. The establishment

GOVERNOR AND MRS. HARMON WITH TWO OF THEIR GRANDCHILDREN.

of a market for prison manufactured goods and the concentration of authority over nineteen state institutions is expected to add another $500,000 to the state revenues. Thus was the situation met and the state restored to a sound financial basis without any additional burdens being imposed on the people who are least able to be further taxed.

Voters like to support clean and able men, as has been demonstrated in many localities where the electors displayed remarkable discrimination in honoring exceptional men with an exceptional vote. This explains why in a strongly Republican state Judson Harmon was elected governor of Ohio two years ago by a plurality of 19,372 in the face of a Republican plurality of 69,591 in the vote for president. On his record as governor of the state Judson Harmon was prepared to go before the people and ask re-election.

With precedent against him, the election machinery against him, with the president of the United States, a citizen of the same state, fighting him for re-election and in the face of a strong Republican sentiment to combat, Governor Harmon nevertheless was given a majority of 101,000.

Ohio repudiated her favorite son, William H. Taft, president of the United States. Governor Harmon won the greatest Democratic victory in the history of Ohio or of the middle west. It was a crushing blow to the president.

There are some things in Ohio more popular than the Taft smile. One of them is the Hon. Judson Harmon, who will countenance no frills and who sits on the edge of a big table that occupies the center of the governor's reception room and chats with visitors. "Common as an old shoe" is the way Ohio farmers size up their governor after they see him perched on that table, swinging his feet, and hear him talk straight from the shoulder.

When he was attorney general he argued many cases before the supreme court—argued them well—so well that he earned many deserving compliments from bench and bar. Among them, and perhaps the most noted, was that of the United States against the Transmissouri Freight association. It was the first test as to the efficiency of the Sherman anti-trust law when applied to prevent an illegal combination of railroads. Mr. Harmon won, and the combination went by the boards.

Of a similar character were the suits against the Freight Traffic association and the Addyston Pipe company. Harmon was successful in both, and thus was established the law as it stands today.

There is an odd series of coincidences in the careers of Governor Harmon and President Taft. Always Harmon has followed Taft or Taft has followed Harmon. Harmon resigned as judge in Ohio, and Taft took his place. Then Mr. Taft became solicitor general of the United States. Harmon followed him to Washington as a cabinet member. Will he follow Taft to Washington again?

Governor Harmon was born in Newtown, Hamilton county, O., Feb. 3, 1846, and he therefore is in his sixty-fifth year. One not acquainted with this fact would take him to be no more than fifty-five. He is just as vigorous as a man of many years under fifty-five and as fond of sports and of the out of doors as a schoolboy. He rides with the grace of a regular army cavalryman, plays golf, competes with the crack rifle shots of the O. N. G. annually and makes good scores, goes to Michigan every summer for his vacation and fishes and fishes, and he is a baseball fan of the species that records each play made during a game on a score card.

He was for years pitcher in a nine composed of business men who met every Saturday afternoon out in the suburbs of the Queen City to try diamond conclusions with teams from other localities. Judson Harmon never missed a game while he was in town. He would go to the ball field, shed his coat and collar and wade in and pitch nine straight innings with all the vigor of a big leaguer.

Mr. Harmon's father was a Baptist minister, and from him he received his early education. In 1866 he graduated from the Baptist college at Denison, Licking county, and in 1892 the school honored him with the degree of LL. D. He attended the Cincinnati Law school and graduated in 1869.

Mr. Harmon's idea of what Democracy should do can be summed up in the closing words of an interview which he gave, as follows:

"I take it that the true platform of the Democracy is the preservation to the utmost of the rights of the common man—the man who has not might or wealth to twist the current of events to suit himself, to observe to the strictest possible degree the limits of authority imposed by the constitution, to administer the government economically and in doing that to levy only the amount of taxes, direct or through a tariff, which will meet the expenses of the government.

"Am I a believer in the income tax?" said the governor in response to a question. "Most assuredly," he continued. "Without such a tax the expenses of the federal government, which now amount to a billion dollars per year, cannot be fairly distributed. They are now collected by tariff and other taxes on consumption, and the enormous vested wealth of the country escapes. A few states have undertaken to tax incomes, but, as I am advised, with little success. Changes of legal residence are too easy to make. The efficiency of a federal income tax has been proved. The levying of one would help secure the lowering of tariff taxes, so greatly and generally desired, while the people will watch more closely what is done with their money when they know they are paying taxes and how much."

SOME HARMON EPIGRAMS

Guilt is always personal.

I would vote for a Republican for United States senator if the people by their votes declared for a Republican, and I would be proud to do it, for I would simply be doing the will of the people.

The party emblem in municipal elections is an aid to the ignorant and those who corrupt voters and no help to upright and intelligent electors. Both parties would be better off if they were kept out of purely municipal elections.

The people who support the government have to economize. Why should their public servants not do the same?

It is not the existence or discovery of wrongdoing that brings shame to a state, but failure to put a stop to it.

We must make the state government more broadly useful, for its powers are ample to grapple with many things which have been developed by new conditions.

There can be no relief so long as the interests which profit through tariff laws are allowed to frame them.

A lawyer's honor is his crown, and no hand but his own can ever discrown him.

SOME BIG BILLS A REAL GOVERNOR OBTAINED FOR PEOPLE IN OHIO

The Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Placing the Ohio judiciary beyond the clutches of party bosses by electing all judges on nonpartisan ballots.

A workingmen's compensation act, so that injured employees can get damages without expensive and tedious litigation.

A public utility commission with authority to regulate issues of stock, rates, mergers and service.

A corrupt practice act that will make vote buying in primaries and elections a dangerous undertaking.

A limited initiative and referendum for Ohio cities.

A central board of control for nineteen state institutions to take the place of nineteen separate boards of trustees with their corps of employees. This bill places subordinate employees in the institution under civil service.

A shorter ballot by abolishing boards of infirmary directors of three members each.

A reform of Ohio election laws to prevent corruption and fraud.

To have delegates to the 1912 Ohio constitutional convention nominated by petition only and elected on nonpartisan ballots.

To stimulate the agricultural industry by requiring agriculture to be taught in all Ohio village and country schools.

Ratification of the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution.

Memorializing congress to call a convention to provide for the direct election of United States senators.

Insuring the honest handling of all state money by depositing in banks under the competitive bidding plan.

Creating a fund of $3,000,000 every year by general levy to give Ohio a system of improved roadways equal to the best in the world.

A complete reformation of tax laws that will put tax dodgers out of business and will compel corporations and owners of intangible property that have been dodging taxes to place their holdings on the duplicate the same as small property owners. Included in this is a 1 per cent tax levy limit bill.

Providing for the construction of a women's reformatory and placing all girls in the state correctional institutions under the control of a woman.

Public utilities bill, corrupt practices act and the initiative and referendum have passed both houses, but are in the hands of the conference committee. These bills will become laws in satisfactory form.

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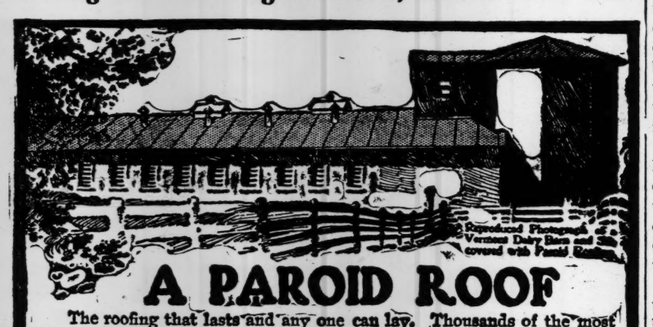

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IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

CLAPP KNOCKS A HOME RUN WITH ALL BASES OCCUPIED

Patriots Took First Game From Greenville by Score of Eleven to Six.

Greenville, S. C., Jnie 5.—Each pitcher used by the locals went wild in one inning and lost the game to Greensboro 11 to 6. The visitors played fast but made a number of misplays, all of which counted in Greenville's runs. Left fielder Clapp, of the visitors, got a home run in the third with the bases full. Redfern, who relieved Cashion in the fifth, walked one man in the seventh with the bases full. Greenville's fielding was sensational the errors being a muffed foul. Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Greensboro	007 100 300	11	11 5
Greenville	000 300 030	6	8 1

Batteries, Redfern and Kite—Eldridge Stuart and Bentley.
Umpires Obrien and Canny.

CHARLOTTE WINS FIRST OF SERIES WITH MUSICIANS

Charlotte, June 5.—Bauswine was not in a philanthropic mood this afternoon and allowed free transportation to first to but few Spartanburg players. Only four hits were secured off him and with three errors the Musicians made four runs. Wood was batted at will by the Hornets, thirteen hits being secured, the locals winning the game with three extra runs to spare. The final score was 7 to 4.

COOMBS ALLOWS TWINS TO CORRAL THE FIRST GAME

Winston-Salem, June 5.—The Twins landed on Coombs this afternoon for a total of twenty-seven bases and won easily 9 to 2. Boyle for the locals pitched consistent ball and should not have been scored on, he allowed five hits which he kept well scattered. Coombs was hit hard and three home runs came in to swell the total of bases.

The fielding of both teams was good, Kelley for the visitors putting up a fine exhibition at short, while O'Halloran's work at second was brilliant. In the outfield Spencer made a spectacular catch. As usual Gates' work at third was also a feature.

In the hitting Gates was easily first, two homers and a two-bagger flew off his bat in four times up. Schumaker got a double, a single and a three-bagger in four times and Spencer a couple of doubles in as many times up.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Anderson	020 000 000	2	5 1
Winston-Salem	031 210 20x	9	11 3

Batteries: for Anderson, Coombs and Brannon; for Winston-Salem, Boyle and Edwards.

CASHION SOLD TO WASHINGTON CLUB, AMERICANS, FOR $2,500

Greenville, S. C., June 5.—The manager and officers of the local baseball club in the Carolina Association tonight completed a deal with Mike Kahoe scout of the Washington-Americans for J. C. Cashion, the sale price being $2,500. Cashion remains with the local club until the end of the season. This sale eclipses that of Outfielder Walker by Spartanburg to the Washington club last week. Walker's price was the record for this league, being $2,250 but the sale today broke even that record. Scout Kahoe has been looking at Cashion for the past week but the deal was consummated only tonight.

RESULTS OF BIG LEAGUE GAMES

Nationals.

At Pittsburg:	R.	H.	E.
Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	5	12	1
Pittsburg (10 innings)	4	6	3

Batteries—Alexander and Dooin, Steele and Simon.

At Cincinnati	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	10	2
Cincinnati	9	14	1

Batteries—Pfeffer and Rariden; Gasper and Clarke.

At St. Louis	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	7	9	0
St. Louis	3	9	1

Batteries—Rucker and Erwin; Golden and Bliss.

At Chicago:	R.	H.	E.
Giants	7	12	1
Chicago	1	5	0

Batteries—Mathewson and Myers; McIntyre and Kling.

American

At Boston	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	8	5
Boston	5	8	1

Batteries—ange and Sullivan; Karger and Carrigan.

At Washington	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	5	10	1
Washington	1	6	4

Batteries—Lafitte and Strange; Greene and Street.

Other bames postponed on account of rain.

Southern.

At Atlanta—New Orleans 8, Atlanta 2.

At Chattanooga—Mobile 1, Chattanooga 3.

At Memphis—Montgomery 10, Memphis 4.

CITY ATTORNEY RENDERS OPINION ON SUNDAY LAWS

Inasmuch as there has been a great deal of discussion as to whether Greensboro's famous "blue" laws regarding Sunday closing were in force under the new charter the opinion of City Attorney A. Wayland Cooke regarding the matter will doubtless be read with interest by Greensboro citizens.

Some days ago the Board of Commissioners after discussing the matter at some length requested Mr. Cooke to look carefully into the matter and hand in his written opinion. The opinion was read yesterday afternoon before the commissioners and it holds that the ordinance regarding Sunday closing as passed and amended by the Board of Aldermen is still in force.

Commissioner of Public Safety Brown, under whose control the police are placed, was asked yesterday afternoon what steps would be taken now that it had been decided that the old ordinance was in force. He stated that the police would be instructed to arrest all persons, firms or corporations violating the law. Mr. Brown stated that he had been of the opinion all the while that the law was effective. It is quite likely that the commissioners will amend the ordinance as it now stands, it is not at all satisfactory.

Attorney Cooke's opinion follows.

To the Board of Commissioners of the City of Greensboro:

In obedience to your request I hand you herewith my opinion with respect to the Sunday Ordinances of our City. Realizing that the matter is one of great importance to this community, and realizing further that you will in all probability, govern your actions in some measure by the opinion I may give in the matter, I submit to you the following:

Under the old charter, chapter 14, section 98, the Board of Aldermen of the City were given the power to pass ordinances for the due observance of Sunday, and under this authority the laws regulating Sunday were passed.

Under the new charter, however, no express authority to pass ordinances regulating Sunday was included, unless it be conferred under the "general welfare clause," (sub-sect. bb Sec. 26) which is as follows: "To make and provide for the execution thereof of such ordinances, rules and regulations as may be necessary for the preservation and promotion of health, comfort, convenience, good order, better government, and general welfare of the inhabitants of the city as are not inconsistent with this act and the Constitution and Laws of the State."

The general rule of law is that the power to pass ordinances is subordinate to the public laws regulating the same matter for the entire State. State vs Langston 88 N. C. 692

Ordinances making acts punishable that are already made penal and punishable under the general law of the State are not favored in North Carolina. State vs Keith 94 N. C. 933.

It may be that the Legislature has power to authorize a town to make an offense against the State a separate offense against the town, but this could be done only by an express grant of power. State vs. Brittian 89 N. C. 574.

The law of North Carolina, therefore seems to be that in the absense of an express grant of authority and power, a municipality is prohibited from passing any ordinance which contravenes a public statute making the same act penal.

Assuming this to be true, two questions arise:

First: Has the General Assembly already enacted Sunday Legislation with which our Sunday Closing Ordinance conflicts, and in the absence of express grant of power, is the ordinance void?

Second: Assuming that the State has left the field open and does not make penal the same acts made penal in the Sunday Ordinance of the City of Greensboro, does the new charter confer power and authority upon the City to regulate the observance of Sunday?

It will be observed that the only law which the State enacted with reference to keeping open of stores, and pursuing ones ordinary calling or business is embraced in Section 2836 of the Revisal of 1905, which has been brought forward from time to time in the Revisals and Codes of North Carolina since 1741, and is, with the exception of a few words enjoining the worship of God on that day, the same Act as passed in England during the reign of Charles II. Special Statutes of the State making it criminal to hunt fish with seine, and concerning railroads etc., are not here considered, as I am confining myself exclusively to the ordinance with respect to the closing of stores the State law being sufficient where it covers the offence.

In State vs Brookbank 28 N. C. Page 73, the Court said "keeping open shop and selling goods on Sunday is not an indictable offence in this State."

It would seem therefore that this act does not forbid keeping open shop and selling goods on Sunday under the construction placed upon the same by the Supreme Court.

Furthermore, this section regarding Sunday regulation (sec. 2836 of Revisal of 1905) is not found under the head and charter of Crimes, as are other penal statutes, but under the head of Sundays and Holidays, and in the revised Statutes of 1854, under the head of Vice and Immorality.

The Statute regulating Sunday in the Revisal of 1905 does not make the violation of the same a misdemeanor, nor does it even make it a crime. In the case of State vs Williams, 26 N. C. Page 400, the Court says, "A profanation of Sunday, by performing labor on that day, is not an indictable offense in this State, nor indicatable at common law."

"Profanation of Sunday is only punishable here by certain pecuniary penalties, imposed by the Legislature, and to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace." State vs Brookbank, 28 N. C. Page 73.

Therefore it appears that the statute above referred to imposing a penalty of one dollar for violation, does not embrace regulation of stores and shops on the Sabbath day, nor does it make any violation of the same a misdemeanor, nor even criminal, but imposes a penalty of one dollar for any infraction thereof, and so far as the ordinances attempt to regulate keeping open stores and selling goods, merchandise etc., on the Sabbath day, they do not contravene the Statute of North Carolina on that subject. It may be otherwise as to any ordinance or part thereof attempting to penalize any act already made penal and a crime under the laws of the State, where express power is not granted in the new charter.

As to the second proposition, there are a number of cases holding that under sections of charters similar to the one in the new charter (general welfare clause) sub-sec. bb Section 26, power and authority is sufficiently granted to authorize the passage of ordinances regulating the observance of Sunday, under power implied.

McPherson vs Village of Chebanse, 55 American Reports 857.

Thieson vs McDavid, 26 L. R. A. 234.

Dillon on Municipal Corporations, Page 468.

St. Louis vs Cafferata, 24 Mo. 94.

State vs Freeman, 28, N. H. 426.

28 Cyc. 743 and 705.

Whilst there are some authorities holding to the contrary, yet the weight of opinion seems to be that a general grant of power of this nature, confers authority to regulate the observance of the Sabbath.

"Aside from the religious aspect, the appointment of the Sabbath merely as a day of rest from labor stands recommended as a valuable institution of State policy. * * * * The conseration of the day to its wonted manner of observance is a blessing to mankind." These are the words of an eminent jurist, and while it is a fact that the true observance of the day comes from within and not from without, yet there ought to be some sensible, satisfactory and wise, middle ground between the ideas expressed in the Blue Laws in Connecticut and the laisez faire theories predominant in some of our larger cities.

In the case of Soon Hing vs Crowley 113, U. S. Page 710. Mr. Justice Field delivering the opinion for the court says: "Laws setting aside Sunday as a day of rest are upheld, not from any right of the government to legislate for the promotion of religious observances, but from its right to protect all persons from the physical and moral debasement which comes from uninterrupted labor. Such laws have always been deemed beneficient and merciful laws, especially to the poor and dependent, to laborers in our factories and workshops and in the heated rooms of our cities; and their validity has been sustained by the biggest courts of the States."

Furthermore in the case of State vs Austin, 114, N. C. pg. 858, the Court held that legislation which supplements State legislation as ordinance which prohibits a minor from going in a bar-room when the State laws makes it a crime for the dealer to sell or give an unmarried minor spirituous liquors, was valid.

Therfore I am of the opinion the ordinance in question is the law of this municipality, and should be enforced, so long as it remains unchanged by you. If the law be objectionable, the remedy by repeal or modification is open to you. Should you act upon this opinion, and there should be those who desire to test the question, the courts are open to them, and the avenue to judicial investigation is not in that event closed by you.

June 6, 1911.

A. WAYLAND COOKE,
City Attorney.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston	20	10	.667
Greensboro	22	12	.647
Greenville	16	17	.485
Charlotte	14	19	.424
Spartanburg	13	18	.419
Anderson	12	21	.364

National.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	27	16	.628
Philadelphia	27	17	.614
Chicago	25	16	.610
Pittsburg	25	19	.568
St. Louis	22	21	.512
Cincinnati	22	22	.500
Brooklyn	16	27	.372
Boston	11	34	.244

American.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	34	12	.739
Philadelphia	26	16	.619
Boston	24	19	.558
Chicago	21	19	.525
New York	21	21	.500
Cleveland	18	27	.400
Washington	15	29	.341
St. Louis	14	31	.311

Southern.

	W.	L.	Pc.
New Orleans	31	14	.689
Montgomery	27	18	.600
Birmingham	23	22	.511
Memphis	21	25	.457
Mobile	21	25	.457
Nashville	20	24	.455
Atlanta	18	23	.439
Chattanooga	17	27	.386

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Coca-Cola

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THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
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24

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

JUNE TERM CIVIL COURT IN PROGRESS

The June term of Superior Court for the trial of civil cases began yesterday afternoon and the day was consumed in the case of Hutton-Barbonnias Company as the Hardwood Manufacturing Company involving a suit for the recovery of $187. All the evidence was in but the case was not handed over to the jury. It is thought that a compromise will be effected between the contesting parties.

The first case on docket today is that of O. J. Ludwick and J. R. Bame vs George T. Penny and C. C. Bennett.

Twenty-One Years Old.

Harry L. Brockman, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brockman, was the guest of honor at a picnic party last evening, the occasion being in celebration of his twenty-first birthday. The party spent the evening at the Battle Ground, returning at midnight. Delightful refrehments were served during the evening. Those enjoying the occasion were Misses Clapp, Callum , Dorsett, Gunter, Shober, Sparger, and Starr; Messrs. Brockman, Cook, Hunter, of Charlotte, Fink, Preyer, Myrick and Smith. Mrs. J. L. Brockman chaperoned the party.

CRAZED

by Heat Edward Allen, Railroad Clerk, Suicides in Louisville, Ky.

Special to Telegram.

Louisville, Ky., June 5.—Crazed by the heat Edward Allen, a railroad clerk, suicided today.

The heat throughout the city was intense. Supt. Holland dismissed all public schools on account of the heat.

Mrs. Housekeeper,

We have the Household Articles for your comfort and convenience

during all this hot weather, "Such as the Perfection Oil Stoves, The Gasoline Cook Stoves, The Toledo Steam Cooker, The SUCCESS FIRELESS Cooker, the White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers, Palmers Line of beautiful Hammocks, Fly Screens and the Kink Fly Killer, let us serve you. We are,

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,
Phone 131 221 South Elm St